

DC Office of the State Superintendent of Education Adult and Family Education

DC Assessment Policy for Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Providers and Core Partners

v. 3.1

Approved by the US Department of Education Office of Career, Technical, and Adult Education

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SECTION 1: OVERVIEW

1A. Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA)

The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) and its implementing regulations require that the District of Columbia submit a plan to the U.S. Secretary of Labor as well as the U.S. Secretary of Education that outlines a four-year workforce development strategy for the state's workforce development and adult education system. Federal reforms to WIOA foster better alignment of federal investments in job training and adult education to integrate service delivery across workforce programs.

The District's WIOA Unified State Plan was developed by the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Greater Economic Opportunity (DMGEO), the Office of the Deputy Mayor for Planning and Economic Opportunity (DMPED), the Workforce Investment Council (WIC), Department of Employment Services (DOES), Department on Disability Services-Rehabilitation Services Agency (DDS/RSA), Office of the State Superintendent of Education (OSSE), Department of Human Services (DHS), and the University of the District of Columbia (UDC). The Office of the City Administrator's (OCA) Office of Performance Management also provided additional capacity and support to this core team of agencies during the plan development.

The WIOA Unified State Plan emphasis on expanding economic opportunity to District residents across the city makes partnerships critical to ensuring that more residents are able to access a career pathway to the middle class through the following goals:

- Alignment of the District's Workforce System,
- Access to Integrated/Concurrent Workforce and Education Services,
- Sector Strategies/Alignment with Business Needs, and
- Increased Performance and Accountability¹.

1B. Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (AEFLA)

The OSSE is the District of Columbia agency responsible for administering the AEFLA, a federal initiative authorized by Title II of the WIOA of 2014 (Pub. Law 113-128), codified at 29 U.S.C. § 3271 *et seq.* and its implementing regulations at 34 CFR Part 463. The AEFLA grant program is supported with a match of local funds, as required by Title II, Section 222(b) of WIOA codified at 29 U.S.C. § 3302(b). The AEFLA is designed to give adults the opportunity to improve their skills through high-quality, research-based programs and activities.

Through its Adult and Family Education (AFE) team, OSSE:

- Awards federal and local funds to eligible providers to offer adult education services to District residents;
- Facilitates state leadership activities including professional development, technical assistance and monitoring;
- Provides resources (assessment, screening, instructional software and materials, equipment, and assistive technology) to adult education providers and partners in the city; and

¹ District of Columbia Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act (WIOA) 2016-2020

• Maintains and reports state and local program performance, progress and outcome data to the U.S. Department of Education, city officials and other stakeholders to facilitate continuous improvement at the state and local program levels.

1C. National Mandates for Assessment

The U.S. Department of Education, Office of Career, Technical and Adult Education (OCTAE) requires that state education agencies and local programs use an approved assessment system that meets the National Reporting System (NRS) requirements. OCTAE publishes a list of approved assessments for use in the NRS for adult education in the <u>Federal Register</u>. From the list of approved tests, each state education agency selects one or more tests for use in state and local programs for accountability and reporting in the federally funded, state-administered AEFLA program. The NRS tracks students making measurable skill gains which include increases in educational functioning levels (EFLs) or the acquisition of a secondary education credential, acquiring industry recognized credentials, sustaining gainful employment, and transitioning to post-secondary education or training.

Per the US Department of Education Office of Career, Technical and Adult Education's (OCTAE) March 27, 2020 (20-3) memo, remote testing with National Reporting System (NRS)-approved tests is permissible and must follow test publisher guidelines. Additionally, procedures must be in place that ensure 1) that the student who is testing remotely can be properly identified, 2) any approved test (i.e., any test determined suitable for use in the NRS) that is used is properly secured, and 3) the virtual proctor can properly administer the test. As such, this policy includes these criteria and other requirements for local program providers and partners to administer CASAS eTests Online remotely.

1D. State Mandates for Assessment

OSSE AFE selected the Comprehensive Adult Student Assessment Systems (CASAS) as the statemandated assessment. OSSE AFE requires that its sub-grantees use CASAS to assess students at intake, guide instruction, measure student progress, and determine student outcomes.

CASAS, approved by OCTAE, is the most widely used system for assessing adult basic reading, math, listening comprehension, writing, and speaking skills within a functional life and work context. It provides student-centered curriculum management, assessment, and evaluation systems in educational and training programs. It is used nationwide in Adult Basic Education (ABE), Adult Secondary Education (ASE), English as a Second Language (ESL)/English Language Learners (ELL), workforce development, family literacy, integrated education and training, as well as in employment and training, Temporary Aid to Needy Families (TANF) and correctional programs.

OSSE AFE evaluates the performance of its sub-grantees via the OSSE AFE monitoring system through a number of measures, including but not limited to, adherence to the *DC Assessment Policy for Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Providers and Core Partners* as well as sub-grantee performance in meeting or exceeding the state's U.S. Department of Education negotiated performance targets.

1E. Purpose

To fulfill the strategic objectives in the District's WIOA Unified State Plan, this document provides policy guidance pertaining to intake, assessment, screening, and instructional practices as issued by the OSSE

AFE. The purpose of this guidance is to: (1) ensure the provision of quality of services to adult learners in the District of Columbia; (2) align assessment and instruction to student performance and progress; (3) form an integrated workforce development system that delivers coordinated workforce and education services²; and (4) comply with federal, state and local accountability and reporting requirements.

OSSE AFE provides guidance through this policy to its sub-grantees, WIOA core partners, and other agencies in the District of Columbia to achieve alignment and uniformity in intake, assessment, screening and referral practices throughout the District's workforce system, thereby accomplishing a key component of several of the District's WIOA Unified State Plan goals.

For additional information about this guidance, contact OSSE AFE by email at OSSE.AFETA@dc.gov.

SECTION 2: INTAKE AND ASSESSMENT PRACTICES

To promote uniformity in intake, assessment, and screening practices, OSSE AFE sub-grantees are required to:

- Have a process in place to recruit, enroll, orient, instruct and retain students in the program;
- Identify qualified/experienced staff to perform intake, assessment and goal setting;
- Administer CASAS appraisals/locators, pre-tests and post-tests to all students as part of the intake and assessment process;
- Use the Student Identification Number assigned by Literacy Adult and Community Education System (LACES), the OSSE AFE Management Information System when administering CASAS eTests Online[®] to students;
- Create Student Performance by Competency and Class Profiles by Competency for students if using the CASAS paper-based system or use TOPSpro Enterprise[®], the companion management system to CASAS eTests Online[®], to generate Individual Skills Profiles, Student Performance by Test Item and Competency, Class Profiles, Class Performance and other related reports to address the individual and collective instructional needs of adult learners;
- Screen students for learning disabilities using the Washington State Learning Needs Screening Tool, Payne Learning Needs Inventory (Payne and Associates), Student Learning Information Questionnaire (Payne and Associates) or the Empire State Screening Tool (Learning Disabilities Association of New York), if applicable, and refer students for further assessment to a licensed professional, if applicable;
- Provide assessment results to each student and work in collaboration with the student to develop an Individual Career Pathway Transition Plan that specifies the student's educational functioning level, learning needs, career interests, goals and plans for achieving economic self-sufficiency;
- Provide assessment results to academic and vocational instructors so that instruction can be targeted and/or instructional accommodations can be made based on students' individual and collective needs;
- Provide the student's assessment results (Student Performance by Test Item and Competency or Individual Student Profile by Competency) and CASAS Skill Level

² District of Columbia Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act (WIOA) 2016-2020

Descriptor Chart to the student so that s/he is aware of the competencies s/he has mastered, areas for enhancement, and so that the results can be used to counsel the student for placement and/or referrals;

- Place assessment documents in each student's file/record, if applicable; and
- Enter assessment data into LACES daily or weekly.

2A. CASAS Implementation

OSSE AFE sub-grantees must implement the Comprehensive Adult Student Assessment Systems (CASAS) to:

- (1) Place students at appropriate levels of instruction;
- (2) Diagnose student strengths and weaknesses;
- (3) Monitor student progress; and

(4) Certify student mastery at specific levels of instruction and readiness to transition to work, postsecondary education and/or training.

CASAS is aligned to the National Reporting System (NRS) levels and documents student learning gains. The use of common assessment instruments based on the same standard score scale enables OSSE AFE to report standardized student data and progress across local program providers in the District of Columbia. CASAS assessments are available in two formats: paper-based and computer-based. OSSE AFE sub-grantees are encouraged to administer CASAS computer-based tests, where appropriate.

2B. National Reporting System (NRS)

The National Reporting System (NRS) is the accountability system for the federally funded, state administered adult education program that provides the performance accountability and reporting requirements for the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act (AEFLA), Title II of WIOA. Developed in the 1990s, the NRS was updated in 2015 to meet the joint accountability requirements of Section 116 of WIOA. Section 116 establishes primary indicators of performance and reporting requirements to assess the effectiveness of state and local program in achieving outcomes for individuals served by the WIOA core programs.

2C. National Reporting System (NRS) Approved CASAS Assessments

As the entity that administers the federally funded, state administered adult education program, OSSE AFE adheres to the performance and accountability measures and methods of the NRS. CASAS is a robust assessment system and offers a variety of assessments. However, not all of the CASAS assessments have undergone the rigorous approval process necessary to be NRS approved, and others may be pending approval. OSSE AFE and its WIOA core partners use the NRS approved CASAS assessments listed in the "National Reporting System (NRS) Approved CASAS Assessments" chart below.

However, in the rare instances in which there is not an NRS approved CASAS assessment that is suitable for a student with special needs, OSSE AFE makes appropriate CASAS assessments available for use with the learner. Students with special needs who are administered a non-NRS approved assessment may not be considered NRS fundable, <u>may not</u> be served with federal funding, and <u>may not</u> be counted for federal reporting. However, the students may be funded through local grant funds and counted for state reporting.

•	cement" into the appr National Reporting Sys	item, may be use	•	dent performant		
	for Adult Basic Educ			•••	SE) Students	
Reading GOALS -	(NRS Approved for Al			-		
	Reading (Paper Tests)	Reading (Computer - eTests)	Math (Paper Tests)	Math (Computer - eTests)	Listening (Paper Tests)	Listening (Computer - eTests)
Appraisal	900R	900R	-			
Level A	901R, 902R	901R, 902R				
Level B	903R, 904R	903R, 904R				
Level C	905R, 906R	905R, 906R				
Level D	907R, 908R	907R, 908R				
The Reading GOA Readiness (CCR) S vocabulary and hi drawing conclusic	LS (Greater Opportuni tandards for Adult Edu gher order thinking sk ns, and analyzing clair	ties for Adult Lea ucation. Test ite ills (Depth of Kno ns.	ms in the Reading owledge), includi	g GOALS series rendering the citation of	ely on complex tex f evidence, making	ts and assess inferences,
The Reading GOA Readiness (CCR) S vocabulary and hi drawing conclusic Special note: For C appraisal.	LS (Greater Opportuni tandards for Adult Edu gher order thinking sk ons, and analyzing clair CASAS eTests, a studen	ties for Adult Lea ucation. Test ite ills (Depth of Kno ns. It may be admini	ms in the Reading owledge), includin istered the fixed f	g GOALS series rendering the citation of	ely on complex tex f evidence, making	ts and assess inferences,
The Reading GOA Readiness (CCR) S vocabulary and hi drawing conclusic Special note: For C appraisal.	LS (Greater Opportuni tandards for Adult Edu gher order thinking sk ns, and analyzing clair	ties for Adult Lea ucation. Test ite ills (Depth of Kno ns. It may be admini	ms in the Reading owledge), includin istered the fixed f	g GOALS series rendering the citation of	ely on complex tex f evidence, making	ts and assess inferences,
The Reading GOA Readiness (CCR) S vocabulary and hi drawing conclusic Special note: For (appraisal. Math GOALS – (N	LS (Greater Opportuni tandards for Adult Edu gher order thinking sk ons, and analyzing clair CASAS eTests, a studen RS Approved for ABE/ Reading	ties for Adult Lea ucation. Test ite ills (Depth of Kno ns. It may be admini ASE through Ma Reading (Computer -	ms in the Reading owledge), includin istered the fixed f arch 7, 2022) Math	g GOALS series reing the citation of form Reading GO Math (Computer -	ely on complex tex f evidence, making ALS locator instea Listening	ts and assess ; inferences, d of an Listening (Computer -
The Reading GOA Readiness (CCR) S vocabulary and hi drawing conclusic Special note: For (appraisal. Math GOALS – (N Appraisal	LS (Greater Opportuni tandards for Adult Edu gher order thinking sk ons, and analyzing clair CASAS eTests, a studen RS Approved for ABE/ Reading	ties for Adult Lea ucation. Test ite ills (Depth of Kno ns. It may be admini ASE through Ma Reading (Computer -	ms in the Reading owledge), includin istered the fixed f arch 7, 2022) Math (Paper Tests)	g GOALS series re ng the citation of form Reading GO Math (Computer - eTests)	ely on complex tex f evidence, making ALS locator instea Listening	ts and assess ; inferences, d of an Listening (Computer -
The Reading GOA Readiness (CCR) S vocabulary and hi drawing conclusio Special note: For G appraisal. Math GOALS – (N Appraisal Level A/B Level C/D	LS (Greater Opportuni tandards for Adult Edu gher order thinking sk ons, and analyzing clair CASAS eTests, a studen RS Approved for ABE/ Reading	ties for Adult Lea Jucation. Test ite ills (Depth of Kno ns. It may be admini ASE through Ma Reading (Computer - eTests)	ms in the Reading owledge), includin istered the fixed f arch 7, 2022) Math (Paper Tests) 900M 913M, 914M 917M, 918M	g GOALS series re ng the citation of form Reading GO Math (Computer - eTests) 900M 913M, 914M 917M, 918M	ely on complex tex f evidence, making ALS locator instea Listening (Paper Tests)	ts and assess inferences, d of an Listening (Computer - eTests)

NATIONAL REPORTING SYSTEM (NRS) APPROVED CASAS ASSESSMENTS (Continued)

Please note that appraisals do not require approval for the National Reporting System. An appraisal is administered solely to determine "placement" into the appropriate pre-test level and form. Only pre-tests and post-tests, which must be approved for the National Reporting System, may be used to measure student performance, progress and outcomes.

CASAS Assessments with NRS Approval for English as a Second Language (ESL)/English Language Learners (ELL)						
Beginning Literacy Reading Assessments – (NRS Approved for ESL through Feb. 2, 2021)						
	Reading (Paper Tests)	Reading (Computer - eTests)	Math (Paper Tests)	Math (Computer - eTests)	Listening (Paper Tests)	Listening (Computer - eTests)
Pre-Level A 27R, 28R 27R, 28R End of the second seco						
	-			ests or as paper test		
	able in a compute	er-delivered forma	at as CASAS eT		S.	
assessments are availa	able in a compute	er-delivered forma	at as CASAS eT		S.	
assessments are availa	able in a compute ng and Listening ELL) through Feb Reading (Paper	er-delivered forma Assessments – (2. 2, 2021) Reading (Computer -	nt as CASAS eT NRS Approve Math (Paper	d for English as a S Math <i>(Computer -</i>	s. econd Language (Listening	ESL)/English Listening (Computer -
assessments are availa Life and Work Readi Language Learners (I	able in a compute ng and Listening ELL) through Feb Reading (Paper Tests)	er-delivered forma Assessments – (0. 2, 2021) Reading (Computer - eTests)	nt as CASAS eT NRS Approve Math (Paper	d for English as a S Math <i>(Computer -</i>	s. econd Language (Listening (Paper Tests)	ESL)/English Listening (Computer - eTests)
assessments are availa Life and Work Readi Language Learners (I Appraisal	able in a compute ng and Listening ELL) through Feb Reading (Paper Tests) 80R	er-delivered forma Assessments – (2, 2, 2021) Reading (Computer - eTests) 80R	nt as CASAS eT NRS Approve Math (Paper	d for English as a S Math <i>(Computer -</i>	s. econd Language (Listening (Paper Tests) 80L	ESL)/English Listening (Computer - eTests) 80L
assessments are availa Life and Work Readii Language Learners (I Appraisal Level A	able in a compute ng and Listening ELL) through Feb Reading (Paper Tests) 80R 81R, 82R,	er-delivered forma Assessments – (2, 2021) Reading (Computer - eTests) 80R 81R, 82R,	nt as CASAS eT NRS Approve Math (Paper	d for English as a S Math <i>(Computer -</i>	s. econd Language (Listening (Paper Tests) 80L	ESL)/English Listening (Computer - eTests) 80L
assessments are availa Life and Work Readii Language Learners (I Appraisal Level A Extended Range*	able in a compute ng and Listening ELL) through Feb Reading (Paper Tests) 80R 81R, 82R, 81RX, 82RX	er-delivered forma Assessments – (2, 2021) Reading (Computer - eTests) 80R 81R, 82R, 81RX, 82RX	nt as CASAS eT NRS Approve Math (Paper	d for English as a S Math <i>(Computer -</i>	s. econd Language (Listening (Paper Tests) 80L 981L, 982L	ESL)/English Listening (Computer - eTests) 80L 981L, 982L

The Life and Work Reading Appraisal is appropriate for ESL/ELL populations and assesses through the ASE level. The Life and Work Listening Appraisal is appropriate for ESL/ELL students only and assesses through the Advanced ESL/ELL level. Each test is administered separately. Appraisals are available in a computer-delivered format as CASAS eTests or as paper tests. The Life and Work Reading and Listening series focus on everyday life and workplace reading and listening skills. A Life and Work Appraisal Form 80R or 80L should be administered for placement into the appropriate reading or listening pre-test reading or listening level and form. These assessments are available in a computer-delivered format as CASAS eTests or as paper tests.

Special note: For CASAS eTests, a student may be administered a computer-adaptive locator instead of an appraisal. *Forms 81RX and 82RX are extended range tests that serve as a "bridge" between Level A and Level B forms.

		LS Reading Series	
	National Reporting System (NRS) Levels, CASAS GOA	•	lents (GLEs)
NRS Levels	Adult Basic Education (ABE)/ Adult Secondary Education (ASE) Levels	Scale Score Ranges CASAS Reading GOALS Series	Grade Level Equivalents (GLEs)
1	Beginning ABE Literacy	193 and below	K
T	beginning Abe Elleracy	193 and below	1
2	Beginning Basic Education	204 - 210	2
2	Deginning Dasie Education	211 - 216	3
3	Low Intermediate Basic Education	217 - 222	4
5		223 - 227	5
4	High Intermediate Basic Education	228 - 230	6
4		231 - 234	7
		235-238	8
5	Low Adult Secondary Education	239-243	9
5	Low Addit Secondary Education	244 - 248	10
c	High Adult Secondary Education		_
6	High Adult Secondary Education	249 - 253 254 and above	11
	0.24240	ALS Math Series	12
	National Reporting System (NRS) Levels, CASAS SO		lents (GLEs)
NRS	Adult Basic Education (ABE)/	Scale Score Ranges	Grade Level
Levels	Adult Secondary Education (ASE) Levels	CASAS Math GOALS Series	Equivalents (GLEs)
1	Beginning ABE Literacy	193 and below	1
2	Beginning Basic Education	194 - 203	2
3	Low Intermediate Basic Education	204 - 209	3
		210 - 214	4
4	Middle Intermediate Basic Education	215 - 220	5
		221 - 225	6
5	High Intermediate Basic Education	226 - 230	7
	5	231 - 235	8
6	Adult Secondary Education	236 - 240	9
	,	241 - 244	10
		245 - 248	11
		249 and above	12
	CASAS Life and	Work Reading Series	
	National Reporting System (NRS) Levels, CASAS S		lents (GLEs)
NRS	English as a Second Language	Scale Score Ranges	Grade Level
Levels	(ESL) Levels	CASAS Life and Work Reading Series	Equivalents (GLEs)
1	Beginning ESL Literacy	180 and below	1
2	Low Beginning ESL	181 - 190	1
3	High Beginning ESL	191 - 200	1
4	Low Intermediate ESL	201 - 205	2
		206 - 210	3
5	High Intermediate ESL	211 - 215	4
		216 - 220	5
6	Advanced ESL	221 - 225	6
		226 - 230	7
		231 - 235*	8

2D. CASAS Testing Options

WIOA providers and partners may administer CASAS assessments (appraisals/locators, pre-tests and post-tests) via paper-based or CASAS eTests Online[®] administered in a place-based setting, remotely or a hybrid of the two approaches. All assessments must be administered in accordance with CASAS guidelines which can be found at <u>www.CASAS.org</u>.

CASAS Paper-Based Test (PBT)

CASAS paper-based tests measure multiple skills including reading, listening, math, writing, speaking and are easy to administer using paper and pencil. CASAS paper-based tests are manually scored by a CASAS user who has completed CASAS Implementation Training.

CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®]

<u>CASAS eTests Online</u>[®] measure multiple skills including reading, listening, math, writing, speaking. CASAS eTests Online[®] are adaptive and assign a test appropriate for the test taker's ability level. With automated scoring, certified CASAS proctor can generate test results and share them with the test taker immediately.

Remote Testing Options

In order to increase access to assessment services, CASAS has developed the following remote testing options:

• **1:1 Remote Control** — This remote testing solution is used for 1:1 proctoring using a web conferencing platform. CASAS tests are administered on the proctor's computer. The web conferencing platform enables the test taker to take the test through remote sharing of the proctor's computer screen. To ensure a secure test administration, providers must follow the CASAS Remote Testing Guidelines - 1:1 Remote Control.

Proctors must administer at least five 1:1 Remote Testing sessions before administering remote tests to multiple test takers (up to five test takers) simultaneously.

- **1:1 or Multiple Test Takers on Windows 10 PC** This remote testing solution is used for proctoring up to 5 test takers per proctor with each test taker(s) using a Windows 10 PC and a web conferencing platform. The test is administered on each test taker's computer. The web conferencing platform enables the proctor to watch the test taker(s) throughout the testing event. To ensure a secure test administration, providers must follow the CASAS Remote Testing Guidelines 1:1 or Multiple Test Takers on Windows 10 PC.
- **1:1 or Multiple Test Takers on Chromebooks or iPads** This remote testing solution is used for proctoring up to 5 test taker(s) per proctor with the test taker(s) using Chromebooks or iPads and a web conferencing platform. This approach requires the use of kiosk mode on the Chromebook and Guided Access Mode for the iPad. A web conferencing platform on another device (e.g., smartphone) is required to enable the proctor to watch the test taker(s) throughout the testing event. To ensure a secure test administration, providers must follow the CASAS Remote Testing Guidelines 1:1 or

Multiple Test Takers on Chromebooks or iPads.

• **1:1 Oral Responses** — This remote testing solution is for 1:1 proctoring with the test taker using a variety of devices and a web conferencing platform. With this approach, the test is taken on the proctor's computer. The test taker sees the proctor's screen with screen sharing through the web conferencing platform. The test taker reads each question, verbally indicates his/her answer to the proctor, who then confirms the test taker's response using the script provided in the CASAS Remote Testing Guidelines, and clicks the applicable button that corresponds to the test taker's answer in CASAS eTests Online[®]. To ensure a secure test administration, providers must follow the CASAS Remote Testing Guidelines - 1:1 Oral Responses.

The Remote Testing Options are summarized in the chart below, inclusive of the hardware and software needed by the proctor and test taker.

	Approach Description	1:1	Multiple Test Takers	Register eTests on whose device?	Proctor Devices	Test Taker Devices*	Web Platform**	Smartphone for Proctor Monitoring
1	1:1 Remote Control	Yes	No	Proctor	Windows 10 PC	Mac, PC, iPad* or tablet*	Any with Remote Control & Screen Sharing	Recommended
2	1:1 or Multiple Test Takers on Windows 10 PC	Yes	Yes	Test Taker	PC, Mac, iPad, Chromebook	Windows 10 PC	Any with Screen Sharing	Recommended
3	1:1 or Multiple Test Takers on Chromebooks or iPads	Yes	Yes	Test Taker	PC, Mac, iPad, Chromebook	Chromebook in kiosk mode or iPad* guided access mode	Any with Screen Sharing	Yes
4	1:1 Oral Responses	Yes	No	Proctor	Windows 10 PC	Chromebook, Mac, PC, iPad* or tablet*	Any with Screen Sharing	Recommended

Preparation for Remote Testing

Preparing students for remote testing consists of two parts:

- Part A—Remote Test Prep (CASAS Preparation for Remote Testing) consists of the Remote Proctor helping the test taker to prepare for CASAS eTesting at a distance. This process includes setting up and troubleshooting the test taker's hardware (e.g., computer, laptop, Chromebook, and/or iPad), smartphone, where applicable, and the web conferencing platform (e.g., GoToMeeting, Microsoft Teams) with remote control and screen sharing functionality that will be used on the Remote Test Administration day. Proctors and test takers should allot one to two hours for this process.
- Part B—Remote Test Administration (CASAS Taking the Test) consists of the administration of a CASAS eTest by the Proctor to the test taker at a distance. The

Remote Proctor and test taker should allot 15-30 minutes on Remote Test Administration Day to complete the start-up test security protocol(s) prior to the administration of CASAS eTesting. Once the start-up test security protocol(s) is completed, the Proctor starts the CASAS eTest session for the test taker to begin the test.

• The CASAS eTests Online[®] will use the locator to place students into the appropriate pre-test during a 1:1 or multiple test takers remote testing session. It is recommended that OSSE AFE sub-grantees use the options in which the learner completes the locator and pre-test in one remote test session per modality. CASAS recommends 45 to 60 minutes for the administration of each CASAS eTest remotely. After the test taker completes the test, the Remote Proctor and test taker should allot 15-30 minutes to engage in close out test security protocol(s).

Part A—Remote Test Prep and Part B—Remote Test Administration may be completed on the same day or in two blocks of time on separate days. If Part A and Part B are scheduled on separate days, in Part B the proctor will need to once again verify the test taker's ID and that the technology, Internet bandwidth, and environment requirements have been met. If Part A and Part B are completed on the same day, a break in between is recommended.

Note: Communicating with test takers in their native language is acceptable during Part A and before the test begins in Part B. However, all assessments must be administered in English.

Please reference the CASAS Remote Testing Guidelines at <u>www.CASAS.org</u>:

- 1:1 Remote Control
- 1:1 Multiple Test Takers on Windows 10 PC
- 1:1 or Multiple Test Takers on Chromebooks or iPads
- 1:1 Oral Responses

2E. CASAS Appraisals/Locators, Pre-Tests and Post-Tests

OSSE AFE sub-grantees are required to administer CASAS appraisals/locators and pre-tests to participants in the applicable subject areas (i.e., reading, math, listening comprehension, writing, and speaking) prior to providing instruction <u>and</u> administer post-tests to participants after a minimum of 50 and a maximum of 75-100 instructional hours.

2F. Guidelines for Administering Appraisals/Locators

The majority of CASAS assessments have an appraisal/locator, and CASAS prescribes that students should be administered an appraisal/locator in each of the applicable subject areas to determine the appropriate level for instruction, as well as which pre-test form to administer. OSSE AFE requires that an appraisal/locator be administered to new students upon entry into the program and before any instructional intervention has occurred. Appraisal scores for all enrolled students must be entered in LACES.

CASAS Paper-Based Test (PBT) - Appraisal

Appraisals usually include 20 to 25 fixed items and the average test administration is 20 to 30 minutes

per modality. The scale score results on the learner's appraisal tests determine the pre-tests to be administered. *It is recommended that appraisals/locators and pre-tests be administered to students on different days to avoid testing fatigue.*

<u>CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] - Appraisal/Locator</u>

While local program providers have the option of administering an appraisal (20 to 25 questions) in each of the applicable subject areas to students, it is recommended that a locator be administered instead. Locators usually include seven to nine randomly-selected items and the average test administration is 10-15 minutes per modality. By design, a locator places test-takers into the appropriate pre-test during a single testing session. CASAS eTests Online[®] allows for the option of administering the locator and pre-test in separate sessions; however, this is not recommended.

While local program providers have the option of administering an appraisal (20 to 25 questions) in each of the applicable subject areas to students, it is recommended that a locator be administered instead. Locators usually include seven to nine randomly-selected items and the average test administration is 10-15 minutes per modality. By design, a locator places test-takers into the appropriate pre-test during a single testing session. CASAS eTests Online[®] allows for the option of administering the locator and pre-test in separate sessions; however, this is not recommended.

As stated in 2C. National Reporting System (NRS) Approved CASAS Assessments above, an appraisal/locator is administered to determine "placement" into the appropriate pre-test level and form. Only pre-tests and post-tests, approved for the National Reporting System, may be used to measure student performance, progress and outcomes per the NRS and WIOA reporting requirements.

2G. Guidelines on Administering Pre-Tests

Pre-tests should be administered upon entry in the program and prior to the provision of instructional services. Ideally, a pre-test should be administered during the intake process after an appraisal/locator is given, or after the learner is placed into the appropriate instructional level. Prior to their participation in a class, students must be assessed in the areas that are the focus of instruction using the appropriate CASAS pre-test in reading, math, writing, speaking or listening comprehension. A reading and math pre-test must be administered for all Integrated Education and Training participants. Pre-test scores for all students must be entered in LACES. For NRS reporting purposes, learners who have been pre-tested in two skill areas will be placed in the federal NRS tables according to their lowest accurate pre-test scale score (i.e., reading or math, reading or listening comprehension).

According to the NRS, for a student to be an eligible participant that is counted on the federal tables, the student must have all required demographic data completed, a valid assessment, and 12 or more hours of instruction.

CASAS Paper-Based Tests (PBT) - Pre-tests

The appropriate pre-tests must be administered to students based on the appraisal scale score results. Local program providers should allow 45 to 60 minutes for students to complete each pre-test. The Suggested Next Test Charts help local program providers to determine the next tests to administer to students.

CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] - Pre-tests

The CASAS eTests Online® will use the locator to place students into the appropriate pre-test during a

testing session. It is recommended that OSSE AFE sub-grantees use the options in which the learner completes the locator and pre-test in one test session per modality. Local program providers should allow 45 to 60 minutes for students to complete each pre-test.

2H. Guidelines on Administering Post-Tests

Federal NRS reporting is based on measurable skill gains and achievement of student goals within a program year. CASAS provides post-tests that measure learning gains and advancement across test difficulty levels ranging from the lowest to the highest NRS educational functioning levels (EFLs). Each test level has alternate test forms that parallel one another in content and difficulty.

A post-test, in each of the applicable areas, must be administered to students after a minimum of 75 hours and a maximum of 100 hours of instruction, or prior to exiting the program. Integrated Education and Training providers should administer post-tests, using specified alternate forms, at the end of a semester, term, quarter, or other substantial block of instruction to document learning gains. CASAS recommends assessing after approximately 75-100 hours of instruction. Post-test scores for all enrolled students must be entered in LACES. While the OSSE AFE expectation is that all students will be post-tested, sub-grantees are expected to post-test no less than 80 percent of students.

A post-test is reliable for up to 90 days if no significant instructional intervention has occurred in the interim. Therefore, it is required that a returning student be tested at [re-]entry if the learner's last assessment was administered more than 90 days prior.

CASAS Paper-Based Tests (PBT) - Post-tests

OSSE AFE sub-grantees should administer validity matched pre-tests and post-tests. It is recommended that the odd numbered CASAS tests serve as the initial pre-test and the paired even numbered test in the same series serve as the initial post-test. Local program providers should allow 45 to 60 minutes for students to complete each post-test. Suggested Next Test Charts help local program providers to determine the next tests to administer to students.

CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] - Post-tests

OSSE AFE sub-grantees should use the learner's Student Identification number when scheduling a posttest in CASAS eTests Online[®] and TOPSpro Enterprise[®]. The database will administer the appropriate post-test. Local program providers should allow 45 to 60 minutes for students to complete each posttest.

21. Reliability of Assessment Scores

CASAS assessment scores are reliable for up to 90 days if no significant instructional intervention has occurred in the interim. Therefore, it is required that a student who exits a program and returns be retested at [re-]entry if the learner's last assessment was administered more than 90 days prior.

2J. Validity Matched Pre-Tests and Post-Tests

The combination of scores on a pre-test and post-test constitutes a matched pair. The first test in each skill area (reading, math, writing, listening comprehension, and speaking) is the pre-test. Each subsequent test becomes a post-test to that pre-test. For a matched pair to be valid:

- The pre-test and post-test administered must be in the same level;
- The form number of each subsequent test must be different from that of the most recent test; and
- The pre-test and post-test must be in the same skill area.

2K. CASAS Skill Level Descriptor Charts

The CASAS Skill Level Descriptor Charts are divided into five levels: A (Beginning Literacy) to E (Advanced Secondary). Each level encompasses a range of scale scores with corresponding competency descriptors of performance in employment and adult life skills contexts.

After the administration of a pre-test or post-test, each student should be provided a copy of the appropriate CASAS Skill Level Descriptor Chart. Please see Appendix A, B and C.

- Appendix A: CASAS Skill Level Descriptors Adult Basic Education (ABE)
- Appendix B: CASAS Skill Level Descriptors for English Language Learners (ELL)
- Appendix C: CASAS Skill Level Descriptors for Adults with Intellectual Disabilities

2L. Assessment Data to Guide Instruction

Assessment data should be used to guide instruction. Practitioners should know how to interpret and use the CASAS Student and Class Profiles by Competency to develop lesson plans that meet the needs of adult students in the class individually and collectively. Practitioners are encouraged to use the <u>CASAS</u> <u>Quick Search</u> to identify commercially published print, audio, visual, and computer-related instructional materials to teach select CASAS competencies. The CASAS Quick Search database is searchable by CASAS competency, instructional level, type of learner, and mode of instruction.

2M. Administering Informal Assessments

While it is important to note that OSSE AFE sub-grantees may only use approved CASAS assessment instruments to report NRS educational functioning levels and learning gains, adult education providers are also encouraged to use a variety of informal assessments to guide instruction. The use of teacher-made tests, unit tests, portfolios, applied performance assessments, learner surveys and teacher observations may be used to monitor learning and inform instructional practices.

2N. Alternate and Equivalent Test Forms

There are alternate and equivalent test forms that Integrated Education and Training providers must use for pre-testing and post-testing. The Suggested Next Test Charts provided by CASAS should be consulted to guide pre-test and post-test selection. If programs use CASAS eTests Online[®], the pre-test and post-test selection happens automatically. Post-testing will be at either the same level or a higher level, depending upon the pre-test score. An alternate test form within the same test series is recommended for post-testing. Additionally, the post-test must be in the same skill area as the pre-test; that is, programs may not use a reading pre-test and a math post-test to determine learner gains.

20. Extended Range Tests

CASAS extended range tests are designed to bridge the gap between testing levels A and B in order to provide a more accurate measurement of scale score gains. The following series have extended range tests: The Life and Work Series include pre-test and post-test forms 81RX (Level A) and 82RX (Level A). Programs should administer the "X" Level test after the other level tests have been administered.

2P. Rolling Over Assessments

Assessment scores will remain valid for a period of 15 months after the date of the initial assessment(s) for a student who continues in a program and/or a student who left a program (90 days of inactivity) and returns to the provider for services.

For example, providers may roll over a student's assessment scores from April 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020 to the new program year beginning July 1, 2020. If the scores are more than 15 months old, a student must be administered a new pre-test. This is done in LACES and is known as "pushing forward" an assessment.

All students, whose assessments are "pushed forward", <u>must be</u> administered a post-test after a minimum of 50, maximum 70 to 100 hours of instruction after the assessment push forward date.

2Q. Disallowable Assessment Instruments and Methods

CASAS instruments are one of two allowable assessments that may be used to report students' measurable skill gains (MSGs) as evidenced by CASAS pre- and post-tests indicating students' completion and advancement of an educational functioning level. Additionally, students may demonstrate an MSG by the attainment of a secondary education credential.

The following instruments and/or methods are disallowable for reporting students' educational functioning levels:

- Using the same CASAS form for both pre-test and post-test assessment (i.e., administering CASAS Life & Work Reading Form 187 as a pre-test and also administering CASAS Life & Work Reading Form 187 as a post-test);
- Commingling a different instrument with CASAS for pre-test or post-test assessment (i.e., CASAS Reading pre-test and Tests of Adult Basic Education [TABE] Reading post-test);
- Using a different CASAS series for pre-test and post-test (i.e., CASAS Life & Work Reading Pretest and CASAS Employability Competency System Reading Post-test);
- Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL);
- College placement tests (i.e., Accuplacer and/or Compass); and/or
- Professional judgment.

While the General Educational Development Test (GED)[®] is now allowable for evaluating measurable skill gains in the NRS, Integrated Education and Training providers should still administer a CASAS posttest to GED and High School Diploma/Equivalency completers because the post-test provides the following:

- Information for the student about his/her educational functioning level gains;
- List of competencies the student has mastered as well as those on which to focus;
- Current scale score which may be needed to qualify for an Individual Training Account (ITA) or other integrated education and training or skills training program;
- Postsecondary education transition in which a certain scale score helps the student enter credit–bearing coursework; and
- Evidence of measurable skill gain for the provider.

2R. Expired Assessment Instruments

The US Department of Education allows states a period to sunset an expiring test/assessment instrument and transition to other tests suitable for use in the NRS. Specifically, tests with three-year NRS approvals in the Federal Register may continue to be used during a transition period to calculate post-test gains for students who were pre-tested with the test prior to its expiration.

The US Department of Education, OCTAE publishes a list of approved and expired assessments in the Federal Register at https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2016/12/13/2016-29899/tests-determined-to-be-suitable-for-use-in-the-national-reporting-system-for-adult-education.

2S. Guidelines for Ninety (90) Days of Inactivity

According to the US Department of Education, OCTAE, OSSE AFE must require sub-grantees to change a student's status to "Left" after 90 days of inactivity. Inactivity, which refers to the learner having zero instructional hours in the 90-day period, should be indicated in LACES.

Should a student return to a provider for services, or seek services from another provider within 15 months of the date of his/her last assessment, the sub-grantee is required to change the student's status from "Left" to "Active" in LACES by enrolling the student in a new class or instructional activity. See section 2P. Rolling Over Assessments.

2T. Exceptions to Standard Guidelines on Administering Post-Tests

OSSE AFE sub-grantees may assess individual students who indicate that they are leaving the program before the scheduled post-test date to maximize collection of paired test data. In this situation, a note should be entered into the learner's LACES record on the Comment tab, which is located under the Student Data tab, to document the decision to post-test prior to the accumulation of a minimum of 75 hours of instruction.

2U. Administering a New Pre-Test for "Stop outs"

Students who are inactive or who "stop out" for 90 days are considered left/exited from the program and should be marked as such in LACES and exited from the class(es) in which the student was enrolled on the LACES Class tab. Post-test scores obtained at the end of a semester or other reporting period may serve as a pre-test for the next semester or reporting period, provided that the interim does not exceed more than 90 days. A post-test is reliable for up to 90 days if no significant instructional intervention has occurred in the interim. Similarly, the most recent assessment results for "stop outs" returning to integrated education and training classes may be used, provided that the last test administered does not exceed the same 90-day period. If the student has been marked left/exited from the program and his/her post-test was administered more than 90 days ago, the student must be reassessed.

Program personnel may wish to retest "stop outs" or students returning the following semester or reporting period if they have reason to believe that during the student's absence or summer recess a significant learning intervention occurred that may invalidate the student's previous assessment results. In such circumstances, retesting is always an option.

2V. Top-out Scores, Bottom-out Scores and High Valid Range Scores

Top-out Scores

Top-out Scores (scale scores above the accurate range for each pre-test and post-test) are provided for most CASAS assessments to reflect conservative scale scores gains. This allows programs to utilize top range scores for each test. It should minimize the occurrence of negative gains when a student takes a higher-level post-test.

When students score in the top-out range, programs may either accept the top-out score keeping in mind that this score may not be the most reliable measurement and administer the next level test(s) when the student is tested following an instructional period/semester; or disregard the top-out score and administer the next higher-level test immediately. In this case, only the score from the higher-level test should be entered in LACES.

Bottom-Out Scores

The process described above under Top-out Scores does not apply for bottom-out scores. Students who bottom-out must be retested at the next lower level as follows:

• Adult Basic Education (ABE) Students

Students who bottom-out of CASAS Level A when administered the Reading GOALS 901R test, may be retested using the CASAS Tests for Adults with Developmental Disabilities – Adult Life Skills Form 352 Appraisal and the applicable pre-test/post-test – Forms 312-343 (Levels 2A-5A). However, it is important to note the CASAS Tests for Adults with Developmental Disabilities – Adult Life Skills tests are non-NRS approved assessments. Therefore, students who are assessed using this <u>non-approved</u> NRS test series <u>are not</u> considered NRS fundable, <u>may not</u> be served with federal funding and <u>may not</u> be counted for federal reporting. Students may, however, be served using OSSE AFE local grant funds and counted for state reporting.

• English as a Second Language (ESL)/English Language Learners (ELL)

Students who bottom-out of CASAS Level A when administered the Life and Work Reading 81R test, may be retested using the Life Skills Reading Form 27 test. <u>The Life</u> <u>Skills Reading Forms 27/28 pre- and post-test are approved NRS assessments for use</u> <u>with ESL/ELL only</u>. Therefore, students who are assessed using this <u>approved</u> NRS test series <u>are</u> considered NRS fundable, <u>may be</u> served with federal funding, and <u>may be</u> counted for federal reporting.

High-Valid Range Scores

Students sometimes pre-test in the upper valid range of a particular CASAS level. As a result of this, the test administrator may decide to give the student the next higher-level post-test. While this may be an appropriate decision, occasionally, the student will show a negative gain at the next level. The test administrator may wish to avoid this by giving the same level post-test instead of the higher-level post-test. In all likelihood, the student will fall into the top-out range, but that score can be reported and a gain will result.

2W. Exemptions

According to federal reporting requirements, students with a valid assessment and 12 or more hours of instruction must be included in calculating the percentage of students making measurable skills gains. Under WIOA, measurable skills gains are determined by a student's completion of one or more educational functioning levels or a student's acquisition of a high school diploma or GED. Completion of a NRS level can only be determined via the administration of CASAS pre-test <u>and</u> a post-test. Therefore, OSSE AFE strongly recommends that providers administer a pre-test <u>and</u> post-test to all students.

OSSE AFE sub-grantees are urged to use Life Skills Reading Forms 27 and 28 to pre-test and post-test students with low level literacy skills and English Language Learners and Forms 310-343 (Levels 2A through 5A) for students with developmental disabilities/special needs

2X. Tests for Students with Special Needs

CASAS Tests for Adults with Developmental Disabilities – Adult Life Skills

Adult Basic Education (ABE) students with learning and other developmental disabilities or beginning literacy skills should be assessed with the CASAS Tests for Adults with Developmental Disabilities - Adult Life Skill series. This includes administering Appraisal Form 352, as the initial assessment and then pre-tested and post-tested with Forms 312-343 (Levels 2A-5A). These tests are administered one-to-one and assess reading and listening proficiency in a life skill context across the CASAS content areas. The level 2A is the most difficult level and provides a transition into CASAS Level Pre-A and A. The tests cover the range of the CASAS scale scores from 117-202. These assessments are available via paper-based tests only.

CASAS Life Skills Reading

CASAS Life Skills Reading Forms 27/28 pre- and post-test are approved for use in the NRS for English as a Second Language (ESL)/English Language Learners (ELL) only. These assessments are available via computer-based tests or paper-based tests.

CASAS POWER

The CASAS POWER – Providing Options for Workplace, Education, and Rehabilitation – assessment is suitable for adults who have intellectual disabilities who do not read print to measure pre-reading skills and independent life skills.

CASAS Braille Reading

The CASAS Braille Reading Assessment Form 837, Level A/B is available to measure basic literacy skills for students who are blind or visually impaired. The Braille Reading Assessment

determines life and work reading skills in contracted Braille.

SECTION 3: CASAS VALIDITY, RELIABILITY AND TEST SECURITY

3A. Validity

All CASAS assessment instruments undergo rigorous test development and validation procedures and meet the standards of the American Education Research Association (AERA), the National Council for Measurement in Education (NCME), and the American Psychological Association (APA). The CASAS Technical Manual (CTM) contains detailed information about test validity and reliability.

CASAS test administration manuals for each test provide explicit guidelines for uniform implementation and interpretation of CASAS assessment information. Additionally, CASAS conducts studies to ensure test comparability across programs and states. Test comparability data are available in the CASAS Technical Manual.

3B. Reliability

CASAS reliability (test accuracy) has two major subcomponents – consistency and stability. For each scale score attained on a CASAS test, a standard effort of measurement (SEM) is given. In addition to reporting a scale score for raw scores attained on a test, CASAS established a range of accuracy for each test form. For every score in the accurate range, a SEM for each scale score is given. For scale scores exceeding the accurate range, CASAS provides a usable, conservative scale score estimate. Therefore, administrators are encouraged to administer a test at the next more difficult test level to obtain a more accurate scale score estimate. CASAS does not report scale scores for raw scores falling below the accurate range.

CASAS uses the most currently researched and recommended methodology in educational measurement practice – Item Response Theory (IRT) - to establish indexes of item bank, test, and test score reliability. For indexes of consistency, CASAS tests for the un-dimensionality of the item bank ensuring items all measure the same underlying construct. The CASAS Technical Manual (CTM) contains detailed information about test validity and reliability.

3C. Test Security

OSSE AFE requires sub-grantees to ensure test security. The Executive Director/Program Manager of each OSSE AFE sub-grantee assumes responsibility for safeguarding all CASAS-developed assessment materials, including Test Administration Manuals and answer sheets. Persons who have access to CASAS eTests Online[®] shall not use test content for personal gain. No person may reproduce or paraphrase in any manner or for any reason the test content without the express written consent of CASAS.

CASAS Paper-Based Tests (PBT) - Test Security

All CASAS assessment materials should be stored in a locked, preferably fireproof, file cabinet accessible to the program manager and/or the program manager's designee(s). Staff persons who administer assessments should return all materials to the designated file cabinet immediately after an assessment session. All answer sheets and writing samples are treated as confidential until destroyed. *CASAS eTests Online® and TopsPro Enterprise® - Test Security*

CASAS eTests Online[®] Coordinators and Proctors shall ensure test security within the site location.

Access to CASAS eTests Online[®] is granted to proctors only through scheduled test sessions immediately prior to the test administration. All CASAS assessment usernames and passwords should be kept secure. Staff persons who administer assessments should keep their usernames and passwords secure. Coordinators will ensure all test stations intended for use in administering CASAS eTests Online[®] are registered before scheduling test sessions and shall ensure all test sessions are closed and test stations are returned to their original state prior to the test administration and immediately after test administration.

SECTION 4: ACCOMMODATIONS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES/SPECIAL NEEDS

The <u>Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)</u> of 1990, Title 3, Section 36.309, requires that accommodations in testing be provided to allow the learner who has a disability to demonstrate his/her level of understanding or mastery of a subject. The accountability standards in the 2014 Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) include the Rehabilitation Act Amendments of 1973 which aim to improve access to adult programs and achieve employment outcomes for students with disabilities.

Accommodations in testing alter the conditions for administering a test or change the nature of an assessment instrument, allowing test takers with disabilities to demonstrate their skills and abilities more accurately. Proper accommodations meet the needs of examinees without changing what a test is intended to measure.

Local test administrators may provide or allow some accommodations in test administration procedures or environment for documented disabilities without contacting CASAS. Accommodations procedures are applicable to all CASAS tests and include:

- Accommodations in test time;
- Giving supervised breaks;
- Allowing extended time;
- Testing in an alternate room;
- Using a colored overlay;
- Large print test booklets and answer sheets; and/or
- Providing a sign language interpreter for test administration directions only.

It is <u>not</u> an appropriate accommodation in test administration procedures to *read a CASAS reading test* to a student simply because of low literacy skills. The purpose of a reading test is to assess reading skill levels and determine the student's appropriate instructional level.

Integrated education and training programs are responsible for providing fully accessible services and for ensuring that these services meet reasonable criteria. Students with disabilities are responsible for requesting accommodations and for submitting documentation of their disability at the time of registration, program entry, or after diagnosis. The need to use an accommodation should be documented in official learner records. The information may be derived from a doctor's report, a diagnostic assessment from a certified professional and/or other clinical record.

The resource <u>CASAS Assessment Accommodations Guidelines</u> offers additional information on providing accommodations. Agencies may call CASAS to get information on additional accommodations in test

administration procedures or about documentation of accommodations on individual records or visit <u>https://www.casas.org/training-and-support/testing-guidelines/accommodations-guidelines</u>.

CASAS Paper-Based Tests (PBT) - Accommodations

CASAS large-print test forms may be appropriate for some students with a disability. CASAS large-print tests include Beginning Literacy Reading Assessment, Life and Work test booklets, and Secondary Level Assessment test booklets. Large-print answer sheets are also available. A Life and Work test form in Braille format measures basic literacy skills for students who are blind or have a visual impairment. Please note that students must provide documentation of a disability to receive an accommodation.

CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] - Accommodations

CASAS assessments that may be appropriate for some students with a disability include the CASAS eTests Online[®] computer-adapted and computer-based tests. Please note that students must provide documentation of a disability to receive an accommodation.

4A. Identification of Students Who May Require Accommodations

OSSE AFE sub-grantees are required to administer the Washington State Learning Needs Screening Tool to <u>all</u> students as part of the intake and assessment process, or provide an explanation as to why a learning needs screening was not conducted. If a learner scores 12 or higher, the sub-grantee should refer the individual for further assessment by a licensed professional. Sub-grantees that offer ESL/ELL services should administer the Student Learning Information Questionnaire (Payne and Associates) or the Empire State Screening Tool (Learning Disabilities Association of New York), if applicable, and refer the individual for further assessment by a licensed professional. Local program providers and partner agencies should contact OSSE AFE for assistance in linking District residents to licensed professionals for assessment, diagnosis, documentation of a disability and/or need for accommodations.

4B. Payne Learning Needs Inventory (PLNI)

Sub-grantees can administer the Payne Learning Needs Inventory (PLNI) to students with unidentified special learning needs. The PLNI is a 50-question assessment that builds upon the 14 questions asked during the administration of the Washington State Learning Needs Screening Tool. Once administered and scored, the sub-grantee is apprised of the domains in which a student learns best and is able to identify and select specific instructional strategies to use to address a student's learning needs.

4C. Documentation of Identification of Learners Who Require Accommodations

Local agencies are responsible for providing fully accessible services and for ensuring that these services meet reasonable criteria. Adult students with disabilities are responsible for requesting accommodations and for submitting documentation of their disability at the time of registration, program entry, or after diagnosis. The need to use an accommodation should be documented in official learner records, such as the Individual Career Pathway Transition Plan and in LACES. The documentation must show that the disability interferes with the learner's ability to demonstrate performance on the test. The information may come from a doctor's report, a diagnostic assessment from a certified professional, and other clinical records. Local program providers and partner agencies should contact OSSE AFE for assistance in linking District residents to licensed professionals for assessment, diagnosis, documentation of a disability and/or need for accommodations.

4D. Accommodations for Special Populations

There are no exceptions to this assessment policy. It is especially important to choose appropriate CASAS tests designed for students with disabilities, language barriers, and limited literacy skills. Local program providers and partner agencies should contact OSSE AFE for assistance, if needed.

SECTION 5: TRAINING REQUIREMENTS TO ADMINISTER CASAS ASSESSMENTS

5A. CASAS Training Policies

Training is essential to a quality CASAS implementation. CASAS assessments cannot be used by agencies that have not completed CASAS Implementation Training with a CASAS State Trainer or received training from a qualified individual at their program site.

5B. CASAS Implementation, eTest Online and TopsProTraining

OSSE AFE requires at least two staff members from each sub-grantee to participate in CASAS Implementation Training and, upon satisfactorily completing the session, become certified to administer the CASAS at their site(s). Training in CASAS assessment is required to ensure accurate use of tests, appropriate interpretation of learner results, and to maintain the integrity and quality of the assessment process.

All new staff at OSSE AFE sub-grantee organizations who will be working in the capacity of intake specialist, assessor, instructor, data manager, or project manager must attend CASAS Implementation Training. Participants who satisfactorily complete the CASAS Implementation Training become certified to administer the CASAS instruments. This verification data is submitted to the CASAS National Office within five to 10 business days after the conclusion of each training session. Once trained, the individual can train others within his or her respective agency but may not train outside that agency. Local program providers may also be required by the state to attend CASAS refresher and/or other related trainings.

OSSE AFE offers CASAS Implementation, eTests Online Coordinator and Proctor and Topspro Enterprise Training regularly to integrated education and training, adult education, and family literacy practitioners in the District of Columbia, as well as to staff members of partner agencies. Additionally, training webinars are offered by the CASAS National Office at <u>www.casas.org</u>.

OSSE AFE requires that each agency have a minimum of two staff members, who are certified in the roles of CASAS Coordinator and/or Proctor, to administer place-based or remote assessments.

CASAS Paper-Based Tests (PBT) - Training

To administer CASAS paper-based tests, an individual must successfully complete CASAS Implementation Training.

CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] - Training

To administer CASAS eTests Online[®] in a place-based setting, remotely or a hybrid of the two approaches, individuals who <u>are currently certified</u> as CASAS eTest Coordinators and Proctors must:

- (1) Complete the OSSE AFE state-imposed CASAS Remote Testing Implementation Training webinar;
- (2) Sign the Proctor Remote Testing Agreement, submit the agreement to CASAS National Office and forward a copy of the agreement to OSSE via email to <u>OSSE.AFETA@dc.gov</u>; and
- (3) Adhere to all test security measures and remote testing protocols.
- (4) Additionally, at least one person per site that is administering or preparing to administer CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] in a place-based setting, remotely or a hybrid of the two approaches must also complete the CASAS Agency Remote Testing Agreement.

To administer CASAS eTests Online[®] in a place-based setting, remotely or a hybrid of the two approaches, individuals who <u>are not currently certified</u> as CASAS eTest Coordinators and Proctors must:

- (1) Complete the CASAS Implementation Training;
- (2) Complete the CASAS eTests Online[®] Coordinator and Proctor Training, which will include the OSSE AFE state-imposed CASAS Remote Testing Implementation Training;
- (3) Sign the Proctor Remote Testing Agreement, submit the agreement to CASAS National Office and <u>forward a copy of the agreement to OSSE via email to OSSE.AFETA@dc.gov; and</u>
- (4) Adhere to all test security measures and remote testing protocols.
- (5) Additionally, at least one person per site that is administering or preparing to administer CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] in a place-based setting, remotely or a hybrid of the two approaches, must complete the CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] CASAS Test Site Agreement and the CASAS Agency Remote Testing Agreement.

Note: Agencies that administer CASAS eTests Online[®] and TopsPro Enterprise[®] are required to sign the CASAS Test Site Agreement <u>and</u> the CASAS Agency Remote Agreement to ensure that the organization has the flexibility to administer assessments in a place-based setting, remotely or a hybrid of the two approaches. The signed agreements attest that the agency will adhere to all test security measures and testing protocols. OSSE AFE reserves the right to monitor organizations for adherence to the OSSE AFE and CASAS guidelines relative to the administration of assessments.

5C. Certification of State-level Trainers

OSSE AFE adheres to CASAS guidelines for certifying CASAS state-level trainers who train local staff. To train local agencies within a state, individuals must be certified as CASAS State-level Trainers. Only CASAS State-level Trainers are authorized to train representatives from local agencies. While trained local representatives may prepare other professionals in their agencies to administer, score and interpret CASAS tests, OSSE AFE strongly recommends that staff participate in the state-sponsored CASAS Implementation Training which is offered on a regular basis and at no cost to program staff and instructors at DC-based organizations and WIOA partner agencies

5D. Ordering CASAS Materials and Web-Test Units

Only individuals who successfully complete the CASAS Implementation Training, CASAS eTests Online[®] Coordinator/Proctor Training and/or other related CASAS trainings may order CASAS paper-based assessment materials and CASAS Web Test Units (WTUs) for CASAS eTests Online[®] administration. Individuals who do not complete the training may not order CASAS materials

or web test units.

5E. DC Statewide License for CASAS eTests

In order to assist the District of Columbia in establishing uniform intake and assessment practices, OSSE AFE has a statewide license for CASAS eTest implementation. Training and CASAS Web Test Units (WTUs) are made available to eligible providers under the DC state license. Eligible providers including integrated education and training, adult education, and family literacy practitioners in the District of Columbia, as well as to staff members of partner agencies (including, but not limited to, the District of Columbia Department of Disability Services, Department of Employment Services, Department of Human Services, Department of Youth Rehabilitation Services and The University of the District of Columbia-Community College) may request training and/or WTUs. Once two staff members of the eligible provider have completed CASAS Implementation Training, become certified as a CASAS eTest Coordinator and Proctor, and submitted the CASAS eTest Site Agreement to CASAS and OSSE AFE, access to the DC Web Test Units will be provided. Please note that OSSE AFE may not be able to provide all the WTUs that an agency may need, however, OSSE AFE will strive to make a substantial number available for use.

SECTION 6: DATA COLLECTION, REPORTING AND ACCOUNTABILITY

6A. National Reporting System (NRS)

OSSE AFE sub-grantees are required to collect and report measurable skills gains (as determined by CASAS pre-tests and post-tests) and other core outcome data throughout the program year for National Reporting System (NRS) accountability purposes.

Recognizing that training is critical to quality data collection and reporting, OSSE AFE provides face-toface training in CASAS bi-monthly and LACES and the NRS, one to two times per year with the LACES National Trainer as well as via webinars, workshops and quarterly provider meetings for sub-grantees throughout the year. These trainings include the following:

- NRS policy, accountability policies, and data collection process;
- Definitions of measures; and
- Assessment protocols.

OSSE AFE sub-grantees are monitored to ensure that they have a written process for data collection, data entry, and error identification/correction including generating Diagnostic Search Reports from LACES that ensures reliable, accurate, and up-to-date data is collected and reported as well as evidence that staff person(s) responsible for data entry and management has/have been adequately trained and employ a system of checks and balances to ensure accurate data entry.

State and local program performance and outcome data is reported in the DC OSSE AFE Annual Performance Report to the U.S. Department of Education which is posted at <u>www.osse.dc.gov</u> and at <u>www.nrsweb.gov</u>.

6B. NRS Core Outcome Measures

Below is a description of the NRS Core Outcome Measures that eligible providers are expected to help adult students achieve.

	National Reporting System (NRS Table 4)
Measurable Skill Gains	Eligible providers are expected to collect data and report on the
	number and percentage of participants who completed one or more
	Educational Functioning Levels (EFL) during a period of participation as
	measured by 1) a participant's pre- and post-test raw/scale scores, 2)
	the awarding of credits or Carnegie units to a student by a program
	that offers a high school diploma or its equivalent, or 3) student
	enrollment into a postsecondary education or training program within
	the year after exit from an adult education program.
Secondary Credential	Eligible providers are expected to collect data and report on the
Attainment	number and percentage of participants who obtain a secondary school
	diploma or its recognized equivalent or a recognized postsecondary
	education credential, while enrolled or within one year of exit from the
	program.
	National Reporting System (NRS Table 5)
Employment 2 nd	Eligible providers are expected to collect follow-up data and report on
Quarter after exit	the number and percentage of participants who are in unsubsidized
	employment during the second quarter after exit from the program.
Employment 4 th	
Quarter after exit	Eligible providers are expected to collect follow-up data and report on
Quarter alter exit	the number and percentage of participants who are in unsubsidized
Madian Faminas	employment during the fourth quarter after exit from the program.
Median Earnings	Eligible providers are expected to collect wage data and report the
	median earnings of participants who are in unsubsidized employment
	during the second quarter <u>and</u> fourth quarter after exit from the
Cocondom: Crodontial	program.
Secondary Credential	Eligible providers are expected to collect follow-up data and report on
Attainment and	the number and percentage of participants who attained a second
Enrollment in	school diploma/recognized equivalent <u>and</u> enrolled in postsecondary
Postsecondary	education or training within one year after exit from the program.
Education or Training	
within one year of exit	Flighte providers are expected to collect fellow up date and report on
Secondary Credential	Eligible providers are expected to collect follow-up data and report on
Attainment and	the number and percentage of participants who attained a secondary
Entrance into	school diploma/recognized equivalent and became employed within
Employment within	one year after exit from the program.
one year of exit	Flighter averaging are expected to call at fallers we date and we are the
Attainment of a	Eligible providers are expected to collect follow-up data and report on
Postsecondary	the number and percentage of participants who attained a
Credential while	postsecondary credential while enrolled <u>or</u> within one year after exit
enrolled or within one	from the program.
year of exit	

Attainment of any	Eligible providers are expected to collect follow-up data and report on
credential while	the number and percentage of participants who attained any credential
enrolled or within of	while enrolled or within one year after exit from the program.
year of exit	
(unduplicated)	

Core outcome data must be collected and maintained in the Literacy, Adult and Community Education System, the OSSE Adult and Family Education's Management Information System. This system is used by OSSE to meet accountability and reporting requirements. Eligible providers must meet or exceed the state's performance targets for these outcome measures. Progress toward meeting the performance targets is monitored monthly throughout the grant period.

6C. Entering Assessment Data

Assessment data must be entered in LACES within five business days of the assessment administration date.

6D. Verifying Assessment Data

As part of the OSSE AFE Monitoring System and process, OSSE AFE randomly samples student folders at different intervals in the program year to ensure that the assessment data are accurate and that intake and assessment processes, as well as that data collection and reporting, is being done correctly in LACES. OSSE AFE monitors verify assessment data in TopsPro Enterprise, LACES and student folders and cross reference the list of participants with the sub-grantee's roster.

SECTION 7: DISTANCE EDUCATION ASSESSMENT PRACTICES

Students in distance education settings must fulfill the same assessment requirements as other students. Providers must require distance education students to complete appraisals, pre-tests, and post-tests at the program site or other proctored secure location where CASAS testing occurs. OSSE AFE applies all components of NRS policies and procedures to distance education students. Specific distance education curricula approved by OSSE AFE is identified in the *Office of the State Superintendent of Education, Adult and Family Education Distance Education Policy.* This policy contains a definition of proxy-hours and defines the proxy-hour model.

7A. Assessing Distance Education Students

Distance education students must be assessed in accordance with the same guidelines as other students in the District of Columbia, using approved standardized assessment tools and in accordance with the same number of instructional hours as other students, according to the *DC Assessment Policy for Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Providers and Core Partners*. All standardized assessments must occur in a secure, proctored environment.

7B. Reporting Distance Education Students

According to the NRS, a student is classified as a distance education student if most of the contact hours earned in a program year are derived from proxy-hours. Non-proxy and proxy contact hours will be recorded in separate fields in the state's management information system. The determination of the

status of a student as a classroom or distance education student is made at the end of the program period when the student's proxy and non-proxy hours are compared. If a student has more than 50 percent of instructional hours designated as proxy-hours, the student is determined to be a distance education student for that program year. The student's proxy and non-proxy hours are both included in LACES and reported on the NRS reports.

SECTION 8: OTHER RELATED ASSESSMENTS

8A. Career Assessment

OSSE AFE sub-grantees are required to administer a career assessment to students. This career assessment may include any of the following: Career Clusters Interest Survey[™] (CCIS); O*NET Interest Profiler[™] (O*NET IP); O*NET Work Importance Locator (O*NET WIL) or another career-related assessment and use this information to work with the student to develop an Individual Career Pathways Transition Plan.

SECTION 9: IMPLICATIONS FOR WIOA PARTNERS

The District of Columbia WIOA Unified State Plan identifies a system alignment goal, one aspect of which is to create a uniform intake, assessment and referral system. As such, the *DC Assessment Policy for Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Providers and Core Partners* applies to WIOA core partners who are using CASAS and the Washington State Learning Needs Screening Tool, where applicable. With this, OSSE AFE recognizes that there may be select instances where an exemption may be necessary. Such instances will be reviewed on a case by case basis.

9A. CASAS Implementation, eTest Online, and TopsPro Training and Web-Test Units for WIOA Partners

OSSE AFE makes CASAS training and CASAS eTest Web Test Units available to WIOA core partners and other providers. For additional information, see section 5E: DC Statewide License and/or contact OSSE AFE at <u>OSSE.AFETA@dc.gov</u>.

9B. Rolling Over Assessments for Individuals Served by WIOA Partners

Assessment scores will remain valid for a period of 15 months after the date of the initial assessment(s) for a student who continues in a partner agency/program and/or a student who left a partner agency/program (90 days of inactivity) and returns to the partner agency/program for services.

For example, partners may roll over a student's assessment scores from April 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020 to the new program year beginning July 1, 2020. If the scores are more than 15 months old, a student must be administered a new pre-test.

For partner agencies with educational programs that administer post-tests, all students, whose assessments are "pushed forward", <u>must be</u> administered a post-test after a minimum of 50, maximum 70 to 100 hours of instruction after the assessment push forward date.

9C. Re-Testing of Individuals Served by WIOA Partners

The CASAS is a resource intended to support instruction. It is used to assess what students already know, identify areas in which additional skills are needed and used as a means by which learners can 'demonstrate or prove' their skills to others, like educators, trainers and future employers. When a learner takes the test multiple times without an intervention, their test results do not represent demonstrable skills; rather, their test results only show their ability to guess at the correct answer. In the long run, this testing strategy undermines the skill development of the student.

OSSE AFE recommends that partners refrain from administering or referring students for serial testing without an instructional intervention between the testing sessions, even if requested by a student. Retesting individuals may only occur when there is evidence of instructional activities having taken place as the intervention. Please encourage, facilitate or provide students with an opportunity to engage in self-directed, online, or classroom instruction offered by a literacy or integrated education and training provider, before re-testing. This will help to ensure the instructional needs of students are met, while helping to maintain the integrity of the CASAS assessments.

SECTION 10. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

10A. Technical Assistance and Consultation

OSSE Adult and Family Education offers CASAS Implementation Training on a regular basis at no charge to District adult educators, WIOA partners, and other DC stakeholders. OSSE Adult and Family Education staff and its CASAS State Trainers are available to consult with CASAS users and/or prospective users to advise which CASAS assessments are most appropriate for adults, including individuals with learning and/or other developmental disabilities. Additionally, CASAS has assessments in Braille for students who are blind or visually impaired who read Braille and OSSE Adult and Family Education can make recommendations on the CASAS assessments that are most appropriate for adults with physical disabilities.

10B. OSSE Adult and Family Education Contact Information

For questions about CASAS Implementation Training, CASAS eTests, or other CASAS-related information, contact:

OSSE Adult and Family Education 1050 First St. NE, Fifth Floor Washington, DC 20002 (202) 727-8446 OSSE.AFETA@dc.gov

APPENDICES

DC Assessment Policy for WIOA Providers and Core Partners v. 3.1, Effective July 1, 2020

APPENDIX A

Skill Level Descriptors for ABE

		Skill Level Descriptors for ABE
P	CASAS Levels	Descriptors
50	E	High Adult Secondary Education With some assistance, persons at this level are able to interpret technical information, more complex manuals, and material safety data sheets (MSDS). Can comprehend some college textbooks and apprenticeship manuals.
5	D	Low Adult Secondary Education Can read and follow multi-step directions; read and interpret common legal forms and manuals; use math in business, such as calculating discounts; create and use tables and graphs; communicate personal opinion in written form; write an accident or incident report. Can integrate information from multiple texts, charts, and graphs as well as evaluate and organize information. Can perform tasks that involve oral and written instructions in both familiar and unfamiliar situations.
0	С	High Intermediate Basic Education Can handle most routine reading, writing, and computational tasks related to their life roles. Can interpret routine charts, graphs, and labels; read and interpret a simple handbook for employees; interpret a payroll stub; complete an order form and do calculations; compute tips; reconcile a bank statement; fill out medical information forms and job applications. Can follow multi-step diagrams and written instructions; maintain a family budget; and write a simple accident or incident report. Can handle jobs and job training situation that involve following oral and simple written instructions and diagrams. Persons at the upper end of this score range are able to begin HSE preparation.
0	в	Low Intermediate Basic Education Can handle basic reading, writing, and computational tasks related to life roles. Can read and interpret simplified and some authentic materials on familiar topics. Can interpret simple charts, graphs, and labels; interpret a basic payroll stub; follow basic written instructions and diagrams. Can complete a simple order form and do calculations; fill out basic medical information forms and basic job applications; follow basic oral and written instructions and diagrams. Can handle jobs and/or job training that involve following basic oral or written instructions and diagrams if they can be clarified orally.
		Beginning Basic Education Can fill out simple forms requiring basic personal information, write a simple list or telephone message, calculate a single simple operation when numbers are given, and make simple change. Can read and interpret simple sentences on familiar topics. Can read and interpret simple directions, signs, maps, and simple menus. Can handle entry-level jobs that involve some simple written communication.
0	A	Beginning ABE Literacy Very limited ability to read or write. Persons at the upper end of this score range can read and write numbers and letters and simple words and phrases related to immediate needs. Can provide very basic personal identification in written form such as on job applications. Can handle routine entry-level jobs that require only basic written communication.

Skill Level Descriptors for Adults with Intellectual Disabilities

+		Skill Level Descriptors for Adults with Intellectual Disabilities
210	в	Beginning Basic Skills Can fill out simple forms requiring basic personal information, write a simple list or telephone message, calculate a single simple operation when numbers are given, and make simple change. Can read and interpret simple sentences on familiar topics. Can read and interpret simple directions, signs, maps, and simple menus. Can handle entry-level jobs that involve some simple written communication.
190	A	Beginning Literacy/Pre-Beginning Very limited ability to read or write. Persons at the upper end of this score range can read and write numbers and letters and simple words and phrases related to immediate needs. Can provide very basic personal identification in written form such as on job applications. Can handle routine entry-level jobs that require only basic written communication.
180	AA	Beginning Literacy/Pre-Beginning Can use some very simple communication skills with others in daily activities and at work. Can handle most daily living skills such as dressing, hygiene, and meal preparation. Can identify and follow directions on public signs and buildings. Can use some community services such as grocery, banking, restaurant, and public transportation. Can handle jobs with mild level of support.
160	AAA	Beginning Literacy/Pre-Beginning Can follow some very simple safety practices in the home, community, and the job with help from support person. Can cross streets and follow directions on safety signs with supports. Can use some very basic community services with help such as health, transportation, and telephone. Can handle jobs requiring moderate level of support.
140	AAAA	Beginning Literacy/Pre-Beginning Can perform some minimum basic daily living skills such as washing hands, brushing hair, and dressing with help from support person. Can identify simple public signs such as entrances, exits, and public restrooms. Can handle community experiences and jobs requiring intensive level of support.
	AAAAA	Beginning Literacy/Pre-Beginning Can identify a few common household objects such as comb, toothbrush, and shoes. Can perform very basic communication skills using gestures, sign language, or simple words. Can perform simple hygiene skills such as washing hands with support.

APPENDIX B

Skill Level Descriptors for ESL

ores	CASAS Levels	Descriptors
250	E	Proficient Skills Listening/Speaking: Can participate effectively in social and familiar work situations; can understand and participate in practical and social conversations and in technical discussions in own field. Reading/Writing: Can handle most reading and writing tasks related to life roles; can read and interpret most non-simplified materials; can interpret routine charts, graphs, and labels; fill out medical information forms and job applications. Employability: Can meet work demands with confidence, interact with the public, and follow written instructions in work manuals. (SPL 8)
245 -	D	Adult Secondary Listening/Speaking: Can function independently in survival, social, and work situations; can clarify general meaning and communicate on the telephone on familiar topics. Reading/Writing: Can read and interpret non simplified materials on everyday subjects; can interpret routine charts, graphs, and labels; fill out medical information forms and job applications; and write an accident or incident report. Employability: Understands routine work-related conversations. Can handle work that involves following oral and simple written instructions and interact with the public. Can perform reading and writing tasks, such as most logs, reports, and forms, with reasonable accuracy to meet work needs. (SPL 7)
235 230 225 225	С	Advanced ESL/ELL Listening/Speaking: Can satisfy most survival needs and social demands. Has some ability to understand and communicate or the telephone on familiar topics. Can participate in conversations on a variety of topics. Reading/Writing: Can read and interpre- simplified and some non-simplified materials on familiar topics. Can interpret simple charts, graphs, and labels; interpret a payroll stub; and complete a simple order form; fill out medical information forms and job applications. Can write short personal notes and letters and make simple log entries. Employability: Can handle jobs and job training situations that involve following oral and simple written instructions and multi-step diagrams and limited public contact. Can read a simple employee handbook Persons at the upper end of this score range are able to begin HSE preparation. (SPL 6)
15		High Intermediate ESL/ELL Listening/Speaking: Can satisfy basic survival needs and limited social demands; can follow oral directions in familiar contexts. Has limited ability to understand on the telephone. Understands learned phrases easily and new phrases containing familiar vocabulary. Reading/Writing: Can read and interpret simplified and some authentic material on familiar subjects. Can write messages or notes related to basic needs. Can fill out basic medical forms and job applications. Employability: Can handle job and/or training that involve following basic oral and written instructions and diagrams if they can be clarified orally. (SPL 5)
05	В	Low Intermediate ESL/ELL Listening/Speaking: Can satisfy basic survival needs and very routine social demands. Understands simple learned phrases easily and some new simple phrases containing familiar vocabulary, spoken slowly with frequent repetition. Reading/Writing: Can read and interpret simple material on familiar topics. Able to read and interpret simple directions, schedules, signs, maps, and menus. Can fill out forms requiring basic personal information and write short, simple notes and messages based on familiar situations. Employability: Can handle entry-level jobs that involve some simple oral and written communication but in which tasks can also be demonstrated and/or clarified orally. (SPL 4)
90		High Beginning ESL/ELL Listening/Speaking: Functions with some difficulty in situations related to immediate needs; may have some simple oral communication abilities using basic learned phrases and sentences. Reading/Writing: Reads and writes letters and numbers and a limited number of basic sight words and simple phrases related to immediate needs. Can write basic personal information on simplified forms. Employability: Can handle routine entry-level jobs that involve only the most basic oral or written communication in English and in which all tasks can be demonstrated. (SPL 3)
	A	Low Beginning ESL/ELL Listening/Speaking: Functions in a very limited way in situations related to immediate needs; asks and responds to basic learned phrases spoken slowly and repeated often. Reading/Writing: Recognizes and writes letters and numbers and reads an understands common sight words. Can write own name and address. Employability: Can handle only routine entry-level jobs that do not require oral or written communication in English and in which all tasks are easily demonstrated. (SPL 2)
50		Beginning Literacy/Pre-Beginning ESL/ELL Listening/Speaking: Functions minimally, if at all, in English. Communicates only through gestures and a few isolated words. Reading/Writing: May not be literate in any language. Employability: Can handle very routine entry-level jobs that do not require oral or written communication in English and in which all tasks are easily demonstrated. Employment choices would be extremely limited. (SPL 0-1)

scores on tests in those specific skill areas.