

Goal

To gain a general understanding of:

- Program requirements for Title I-A
- Title I-A uses of funds and allowable expenditures
- Financial flexibilities available for Title I-A funds
- Grant administration requirements
- Compliance and monitoring expectations



ESEA FY24 Grant Calendar

July 2023

Ongoing – FY24 ConApp workshops July 1 – Phase II FY24 ConApp opens July 1 – First date to obligate FY24 funds July 31 - 3rd Quarter FY23 reimbursement requests due

August 2023

Ongoing – FY24 ConApp workshops Aug. 31 – Deadline to consolidate 21st CCLC grants to schoolwide program

September 2023

Sept. 1 – Deadline to consolidate IDEA grants to schoolwide program Sept. 30 – Last date to obligate FY23 funds Sept. 30 at 3 p.m. – Deadline to submit Phase II FY24 ConApp

October 2023

Ongoing – Revise returned FY24
ConApps until approved
Oct. 1 – First date to submit FY24
reimbursements
Oct. 31 – 4th Quarter
FY23 reimbursement requests due

June 2024

June 1 – FY25 Phase I Assurances Application opens June 30 – FY25 Phase I Assurances Application due June 30 – 3rd Quarter FY24 reimbursement requests due

Summer – Attend trainings and develop 2023-24 school year program plans



ESEA Titles I-IV ConApp

Fall – Submit FY24 ConApp and closeout FY23 expenditures

November 2023 Ongoing – Prepare final FY23

reimbursement requests
Ongoing – Revise returned
FY24 ConApps until approved
Nov. 1 – Last date to submit FY23
budget amendments

May 2024

Ongoing – Submit FY24 budget amendments when FY24 final awards are uploaded to FY24 budget in EGMS

.

Fiscal Year 2024 School Year 2023-24 z – Evaluate 2023-

Spring – Evaluate 2023-24 school year program outcomes to inform 2024-25 school year planning

Winter – Reimburse for FY24 funds and amend budgets to spend down

December 2023

Ongoing – Revise returned FY24 ConApps until approved Dec. 1 – Deadline to submit final FY23 reimbursement requests

April 2024

April 30 – 2nd Quarter FY24 reimbursement requests due

March 2024

March 15 – Deadline to submit FY23 Maintenance of Effort and Per-Pupil Expenditure data collection

February 2024

Ongoing – Submit FY24 budget amendments when FY23 carryover funds are uploaded to FY24 budget in EGMS

January 2024

Jan. 15 – FY23 Closeout Reports due Jan. 31 – 1st Quarter FY24 reimbursement requests due



ESEA: History and Purpose

1965

President Johnson signs original Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA)

1994

President Clinton signs the Improving America's Schools Act (IASA) 2002

President Bush signs the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) 2015

President Obama signs the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) was signed into law in December 2015, amending the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA).

PURPOSE: The intent of ESSA is to ensure that all children have a fair, equal, and significant opportunity to obtain a high-quality education.

TITLE I: Improving The Academic Achievement Of The Disadvantaged

Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by Local Education Agencies (LEAs)



Title I, Part A – Allocation Calculation



of enrolled low-income students



Total # of low-income students residing in DC

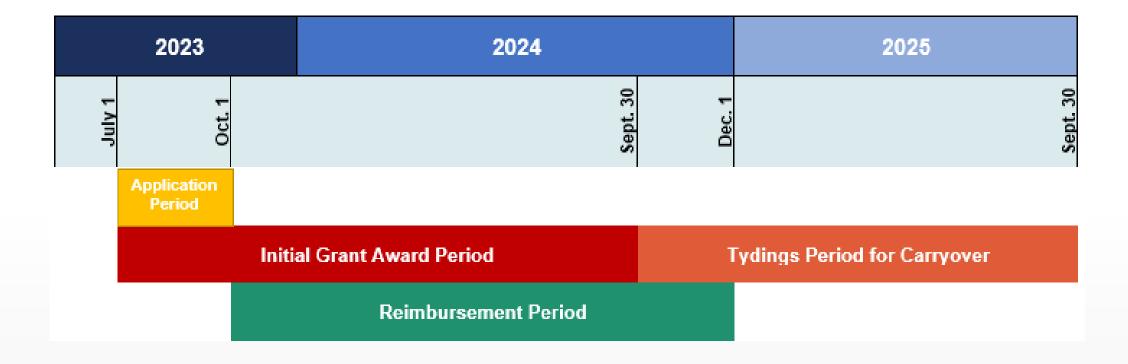
=X TOTAL ALLOCATION





Title I-A: Grant Administration

Life Cycle of FY24 Grant





Grant Requirements

Accessing Funds

- Approved Phase I Application
- Approved Phase II Consolidated Application

Rules and Regulations

- ESSA
- Education Department General Administrative Regulations
- Uniform Grants
 Guidance
- District of Columbia
 School Reform Act

Monitoring

- OSSE Annual Monitoring
- US Department of Education Performance Review Process



Title I-A: Financial Reporting for ESSA

Maintenance of Effort (MOE)

- MOE requires subgrantees receiving federal funds to maintain a minimum floor of state/local funding for education from year to year
- LEAs must complete a data collection tool annually and submit this to OSSE to demonstrate compliance

Per Pupil Expenditures Report (PPE)

- LEAs must publicly report perstudent spending by school
- LEAs data is included and shown on the <u>DC School Report Card</u>

LEAs must complete the data collection for both MOE and PPE each spring.



Allowable Uses of Funds – SNS

- ESEA requires that federal funds supplement and not supplant (SNS) public state and local funding for education.
- Most LEAs are required to demonstrate that they allocate state and local funds and LEA-level expenditures to each school in without taking Title I status into account

Charter LEAs

The DC School Reform Act and federal Title I SNS guidance indicate that DC charter LEAs are not required to share their local funding methodology with OSSE

DC Public Schools (DCPS)

Under ESSA, DCPS must annually submit to OSSE a Title I local funding distribution methodology that ensures the SNS rule is met



Use of Funds

Upgrade the basic educational program through investments in:

- Curriculum and instruction
- Technology
- Professional development
- Parent and family engagement
- Academic support for students
- Support for students experiencing homelessness
- Intervention programs
- School climate activities

- Counseling, behavioral health and mental health programs
- Access to advanced coursework and dual enrollment programs
- Student behavioral supports
- Teacher recruitment and retention



Allowable Uses of Funds – Program Plan

Schoolwide Programs

 Expenditures aligned with the strategies articulated in the schoolwide plan to meet the needs identified in the comprehensive needs assessment

Targeted Assistance Programs

- Expenditures for services described in the approved application
- Uses of funds must be aligned with the program plan and planned budget



Allowable Uses of Funds - Application

Necessary and Reasonable

- The expenditure costs are clear to an objective observer
- Expenditures are made in accordance with federal and District laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of the federal award
- Expenses pay a fair market price for the goods or services
- Established practices and policies of the LEA for procurement are followed

Allocable

- The grant must benefit from the expenditure in proportion to the amount paid by the grant
- Salary and benefit costs must benefit the program in proportion to the amount paid



Allowable Uses of Funds - Reimbursement

Adequately Documented

- Sufficient evidence of expenditures to trace how the funds were spent
 - Invoices and receipts with proof of payment
 - Contracts and invoices including scope of work, dates and rates

Consistent with the Application

- Approved by OSSE
- Expenditures must be aligned with program strategies and anticipated budget
- If needed, the uses of funds in the application may be amended for a new approval





Title I-A: Program Requirements

Title I-A: Required LEA Activities

Parent and Family Engagement

- Written LEA-level policy
- Guidance for school-level policies and involvement
- Review the policy annually for any needed revisions
- Notify parents of the right to know the professional qualifications of their students' teachers
- Provide the link to the OSSE ESSA complaint policy to parents

English Learners

- Administer home language surveys to students new to DC schools
- Notify parents of student identified for English learners (ELs) services on time and with compliance
- Conduct outreach to parents of ELs to participate in their child's education
- Hold meetings with parents of ELs to provide feedback on the language instruction program

Equitable Access to Highly-qualified Teachers

- Participate in the OSSE Faculty and Staff Data Collection
- If identified as having a gap between schools, follow the process to submit a plan to OSSE

Required for DCPS, Optional for Charter

- School-Parent Compacts
- Capacity building for schools



Title I-A Required Set-Aside for Children and Youth Experiencing Homelessness

- LEAs are required to set-aside funds for all students experiencing homelessness in Title I-A and non-Title I-A schools.
- The reservation must be determined in collaboration with the District McKinney-Vento (MKV) Homeless Liaison or additional stakeholder.
- There are four US Department of Education (USED) approved methods for determining the amount of the Title I-A homeless reservation to benefit all students experiencing homelessness.



Title I-A Required Set-Aside for Children and Youth Experiencing Homelessness (cont.)

Method 1

Identify count of homeless students in all school buildings in the LEA and determine a "reasonable and necessary" amount to provide comparable Title I services to homeless students; OR to provide comparable Title I services AND other allowable services to homeless students.

Method 2

Identify count of homeless students in all school buildings in the LEA and multiply by the LEA's average per-pupil Title I, Part A allocation.

Method 3

Identify count of homeless students in all school buildings in the LEA and reserve a specific percentage based on the LEA's poverty level or total Title I, Part A allocation.

Method 4

Identify count of homeless students in all school buildings in the LEA and reserve an amount of Title I funds greater than or equal to the amount of the LEA's portion of the MKV allowance.



Title I-A: Required School-level Activities

Parent and Family Engagement

- Written school-level parent and family engagement policy
- Conduct annual Title I meetings
- Involve parents in the development of the Title I program plan
- Provide required school academic information to parents
- Inform parents of their children's Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers (PARCC) scores
- Give notice to parents if their child is being taught by teachers that do not meet certification and licensure requirements
- Conduct outreach to parents of ELs
- Hold meetings with parents of ELs

Required for DCPS, Optional for Charter LEAs

- School-Parent Compacts
- Capacity building for schools



LEA Plan

To be awarded a Title I-A grant, LEAs must complete an LEA plan within the ConApp that addresses the following:

Academic Goals

- How student progress is monitored
- Identification of and response to achievement gaps
- Efforts to reduce the use of discipline practices

Whole Child Support

- Strategies for effective family engagement
- Services for students in the foster care system
- Services for students experiencing homelessness

Transition Plans

- Coordination with early childhood programs
- Effective transitions for secondary school students
- Career and technical education programs



Title I-A: Program Models

Schoolwide

- A school with at least 40 percent of students from families living in poverty may operate a schoolwide model.
- A comprehensive needs assessment must be conducted to identify needs to be addressed by the schoolwide program plan.
- Programs and services must be provided to all students in the school.
- The school must engage stakeholders to develop and monitor the schoolwide plan.

Targeted Assistance

- All schools receiving Title I-A grants may operate a targeted assistance program model.
- Schools must identify eligible students based on multiple academic objective criteria.
- Program resources may only be used to help eligible students meet state academic standards.
- LEAs must provide professional development to school staff who work with eligible students.



Title I-A: Required Stakeholder Engagement

Parent and Family Engagement Policy

- Alternative and transitional education providers
- Charter school leaders or LEA staff
- Community partners
- Early childhood education programs
- Institutions of higher education
- Teachers and paraprofessionals
- Parents and family
- Principals
- School administrators
- Instructional support personnel

LEA Plan

- Teachers
- Principals
- Other school leaders
- Paraprofessionals
- Specialized instructional support personnel
- Charter school leaders
- School administrators
- Other appropriate school personnel
- Parents/family members

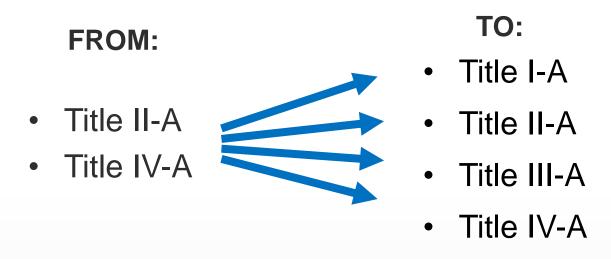
Schoolwide Program

- Teachers
- Principals
- Other school leaders
- Paraprofessionals
- School administrators
- Instructional support personnel
- Technical assistance providers
- School staff
- Parents and family
- Community partners



Financial Flexibilities: Transferring Funds

LEAs may transfer all or a portion of their Title II and Title IV allocations to another grant program



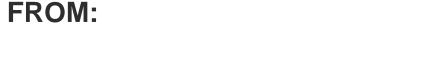
Key requirements of transferability:

- Transferred amounts become funds of the program to which they are transferred and are subject to all the rules and requirements of the new program
- DCPS must consult with private school officials if DCPS transfers funds from a program that includes equitable services



Financial Flexibilities: Consolidating Funds

Schools may consolidate all or a portion of their Title II, Title III and Title IV allocations into a consolidated Title I schoolwide program pool of funds



- Title III-A
- Title IV-A

Title II-A

 Consolidated Schoolwide Program

TO:

Key requirements of consolidation:

- Consolidated funds lose their identity and are subject to all the rules and requirements of the Title I program
- Consolidated programs must meet the intents and purposes of the individual Titles that were consolidated



Example: Schoolwide Program – Unconsolidated Budget

TI \$200,000

TII \$50,000

TIII \$15,000

TIV \$85,000

Strengthen Instructional Practice

- Training Contract \$45,000
- Instructional Coaches \$110,000

Personalized Reading Instruction

- Student Licenses \$25,000
- Benchmark Tests \$20,000
- Preservice Week \$25,000
- Mentor Teacher Program \$25,000
- Family Engagement Program \$10,000
- ESOL Training \$5,000
- Social Worker \$80,000
- Robotics Club- \$5,000



Example: Consolidated Schoolwide Program Budget

TI \$200,000 TII \$50,000 TIII \$15,000 TIV \$85,000

TOTAL \$350,000

Strengthen Instructional Practice

- Training Contract \$45,000
- Instructional Coaches- \$130,000

Leadership Opportunities

Mentor Teaching Program - \$30,000

Personalized Reading Instruction

- ABC Reading Licenses \$25,000
- Benchmark Tests \$20,000

Wraparound Supports

- Dean of Students \$60,000
- Student Counseling \$40,000



Developing a Title I Schoolwide Program

Program Plan: Group of strategies to achieve the goals of the schoolwide program

Strategies: Coordinated activities that have expected outcomes to achieve the goals

Budget: Specific costs associated with the performance of the activities



Example: Schoolwide Program Plan

Needs Assessment Results = Teachers need expertise, English Language Arts (ELA) PARCC scores are low

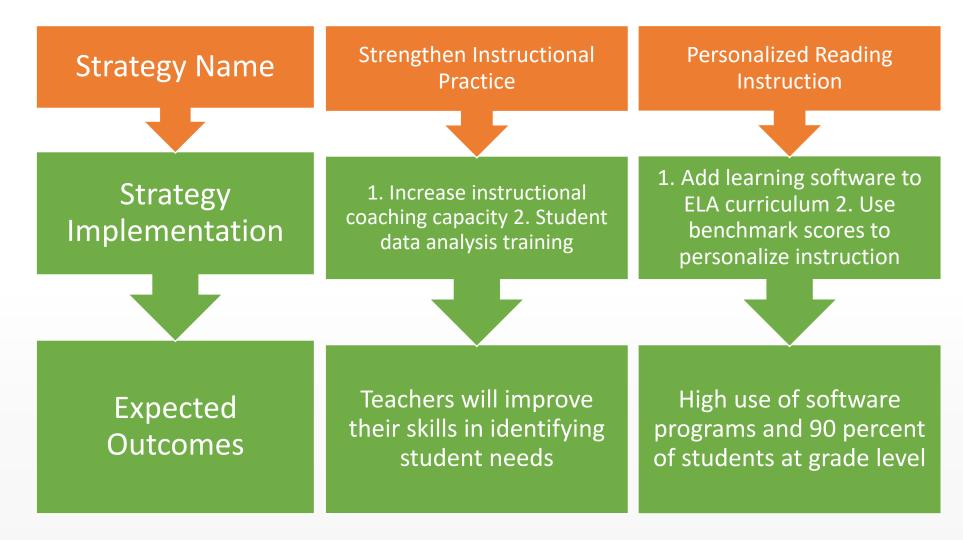


5350.000





Example: Schoolwide Plan Strategies in the ConApp





Example: Schoolwide Plan Activities in the ConApp







Compliance and Monitoring

Programmatic Monitoring

LEAs must capture **evidence of progress monitoring** that demonstrates that the LEA is monitoring whether strategies supported by the grant funding is achieving intended outcomes

Evidence may include:

- Stakeholder engagement
- Teacher conference meeting notes
- Student academic data
- Teacher observations
- School climate data
- Parent and family engagement policy and activities



Documentation of Stakeholder Engagement

Different types of engagement generate different types of documentation

- Large public meetings or meetings between organization leaders
- Teachers and staff may have representative meetings, or be surveyed, or feedback may occur during professional development activities
- Engagement that occurs with other education organizations may be documented there

Types of documentation:

- Opinion survey results
- Meeting notes and presentations
- Decision memos
- Revised versions of policies
- Email conversations



Parent and Family Engagement Policies and Activities

- Differentiate between LEA-level vs school-level policies and activities
- Create a system that tracks parent notifications, meetings and outreach activities
- Document translation and interpretation activities provided to families
- Make sure all activities are directly related to supporting the academic achievement of students



Fiscal Monitoring

The most common findings or areas of improvement for LEAs in the recent Annual Grants Monitoring cycles were related to the following:

- Documentation of procurement policies and procedures
- Expenditure records (invoices, contracts, payments)
- Records of checking the Excluded Parties List System in the procurement process



Procurement Policies and Procedures

DCPS

<u>District of Columbia Municipal Regulations</u> (DCMR)

CHARTER LEAS

District of Columbia Public Charter School
Board Procurement Contract Submission
Policy

ALL LEAs

- Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR)
- Uniform Grants Guidance (UGG)



Time and Effort Certifications

For all personnel expenditures, LEAs should collect and maintain time and effort certifications.

Time and Effort Certifications must:

- Include the name, position title and grant role of the employee or contractor;
- Be dated to align with the grant period;
- Be signed by the employee and dated after the fact;
- Match payroll records; and
- Account for total activity (100 percent of time)

Time and Effort Certifications should:

- Be validated with a supervisor's signature; and
- Be completed quarterly, at a minimum, for personnel on multiple grants

Time and Effort Certifications may:

- Follow a semi-annual report pattern for personnel on a single grant; and
- Be signed electronically within a secure system





Title I-A: Next Steps and Resources

Policies and Procedures

- Financial policy with procedures for charging expenses to grants
- Conflict of interest policy
- Inventory policy and procedures
- Procurement policy and procedures
- LEA-level parent and family engagement policy
- School-level parent and family engagement policy
- Procedure for providing educational stability for students in foster care



Next Steps

- Meet with appropriate academic and finance team members to determine Title I program model and the perform needs assessments (schoolwide) or student identification (targeted assistance) processes
- Conduct the required stakeholder engagement
- Decide if financial flexibility is appropriate to meet needs (consolidation or transfer)
- Prepare the LEA plan, the Title I program plan and ConApp budget for the application
- Submit the application by Sept. 30, 2023 at 3 p.m.
- Revise the returned application within two weeks of receiving comments (Oct. 1 Dec. 31)
- Receive final approval and begin requesting reimbursement for expenditures (after Oct. 1)



ESEA Consolidated (Titles I-IV) Point of Contact

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BASIS PCS	Achievement Prep PCS	Bridges PCS
Cedar Tree PCS	Breakthrough Montessori	Children's Guild
DC Wildflower	Capital City PCS	DC International
DCPS	Capitol Village PCS	Eagle Academy PCS
Friendship PCS	Center City PCS	Early Childhood Academy
Howard University Middle	Cesar Chavez PCS	Girls Global
I Dream PCS	Creative Minds	Harmony
IDEA PCS	DC Bilingual	Hope Community
Kingsman Academy PCS	DC Prep	Ingenuity Prep PCS
Maya Angelou PCS	DC Scholars	KIPP DC
Mundo Verde PCS	Digital Pioneers	LEARN DC
Perry Street Prep PCS	E.L. Haynes PCS	Mary McLeod
Richard Wright PCS	Global Citizens	Monument
Shining Stars Montessori	Inspired Teaching	Rocketship
Social Justice PCS	LAMB PCS	SEED
St. Coletta PCS	Lee Montessori	Statesman PCS
Washington Global	Meridian PCS	E.W. Stokes PCS
Washington Latin	Paul PCS	Thurgood Marshall PCS
	Sela PCS	Two Rivers PCS
	Sojourner Truth PCS	
	Washington Leadership Academy	
	Washington Yu Ying PCS	



Resources

- FY24 Title I-A Comprehensive Guide
- Schoolwide Program Design: The Basics
- OSSE Schoolwide Plan Template
- OSSE Schoolwide Program Plan Compliance Checklist
- FY24 ConApp Planning Tool
- FY24 ConApp Checklist
- English Learner Policy and Programs





Appendix

Title I Schoolwide Program Plans

- 1. LEAs must conduct a comprehensive needs assessment to inform the schoolwide plan
- 2. The schoolwide program plan must include descriptions of:
 - a) How the school will improve academic achievement throughout the school, but particularly for the lowest-achieving students, by addressing the needs identified in the comprehensive needs assessment;
 - b) How the strategies in the plan will provide opportunities and address the learning needs of all students in the school, particularly the needs of the lowest-achieving students;
 - c) How the methods and instructional strategies that the school intends to use will strengthen the academic program in the school, increase the amount and quality of learning time, and help provide an enriched and accelerated curriculum, including programs and activities necessary to provide a well-rounded education; and
 - d) Benchmarks for the evaluation of program results. This plan may be integrated into an existing improvement plan.
- 3. LEAs must annually evaluate the plan and revise it based on the evaluation results



Title I Targeted Assistance Program Plans

- 1. A targeted assistance model uses Title I funds to help only identified students
- 2. Components of a targeted assistance plan include:
 - a) Description of how students are identified;
- b) Description of programs, activities and academic courses that will serve identified students;
- c) Description of instructional strategies and methods that may be used;
- d) Coordination with regular education program;
- e) Possible professional development for school educators;
- f) Strategies to engage families
- 3. Students are eligible for Title I services in a targeted assistance school if they:
 - a) Are failing, or at risk of failing, to meet state standards;
 - b) Participated in Head Start; or
 - c) Are experiencing homelessness

