

- Background
- Actionable Data
- Enrollment and Attendance Reporting Requirements
- Securely Sending Data to OSSE
- Resources
- Questions

# By the end of this webinar, participants will understand:

- The state of attendance in DC
- The legal requirements for LEAs and schools
- How LEAs can submit required data to OSSE



#### We know that good attendance is correlated with:

- Improved learning
- Higher graduation rates
- Lower dropout rates
- Future attendance habits



#### Why is Reporting Attendance Data Important?

- It is required under local law.
- LEAs and schools can use attendance data as actionable information that informs efforts to improve attendance rates.
- It enables OSSE, LEAs and schools to track progress towards the goal of improved attendance.

#### Partial school day:

At least twenty percent (20 percent) of the instructional hours regularly provided on a single school day; which shall be deemed to be a full school day, when a student is absent during this period of time without an excused absence.

#### **Present:**

A single school day on which the student is physically in attendance at scheduled periods of actual instruction at the educational institution in which she or he was enrolled and registered for at least eighty percent (80 percent) of the full instructional day, or in attendance at a school-approved activity that constitutes part of the approved school program for that student.



#### **Truancy:**

The accumulation of 10 or more unexcused absences in a given school year

#### **Chronic Absenteeism:**

Being absent – either excused or unexcused – for more than 10 percent of the instructional days in a given school year.

#### **Compulsory Attendance**

- Any child that resides in DC who has reached the age of five, or will become five by September 30th of the current school year, must be enrolled in school.
- A DC resident who is a minor, but has received a diploma or certificate of graduation shall be excused from attending school. A minor who is 17 years old or older may be allowed flexible school hours, if approved by the head of the educational institution.



D.C. Code § 38-202. Establishment of school attendance requirements.

(a) Every parent, guardian, or other person, who resides permanently or temporarily in the District during any school year and who has custody or control of a minor who has reached the age of 5 years or will become 5 years of age on or before September 30th of the current school year shall place the minor in regular attendance in an educational institution during the period of each year when the public schools of the District are in session. This obligation of the parent, guardian, or other person having custody extends until the minor reaches the age of 18 **years**. For the purpose of this section placement in summer school is not required.



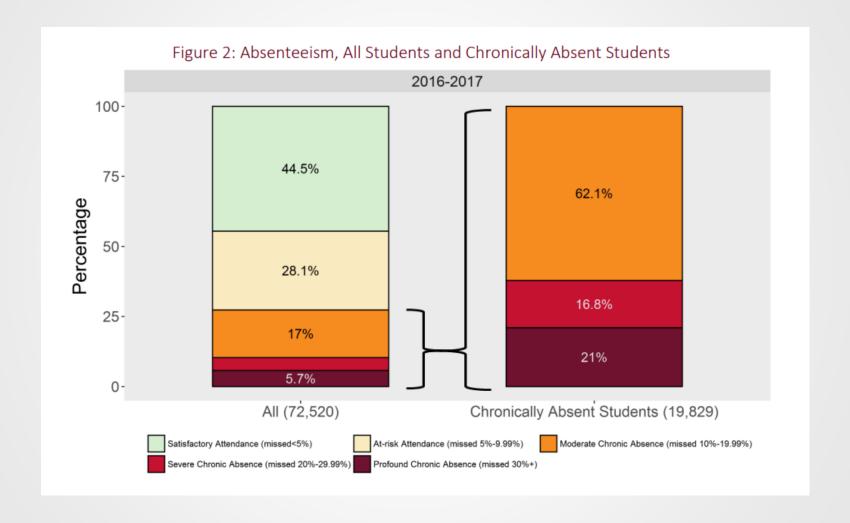
#### In the 2016-17 school year:

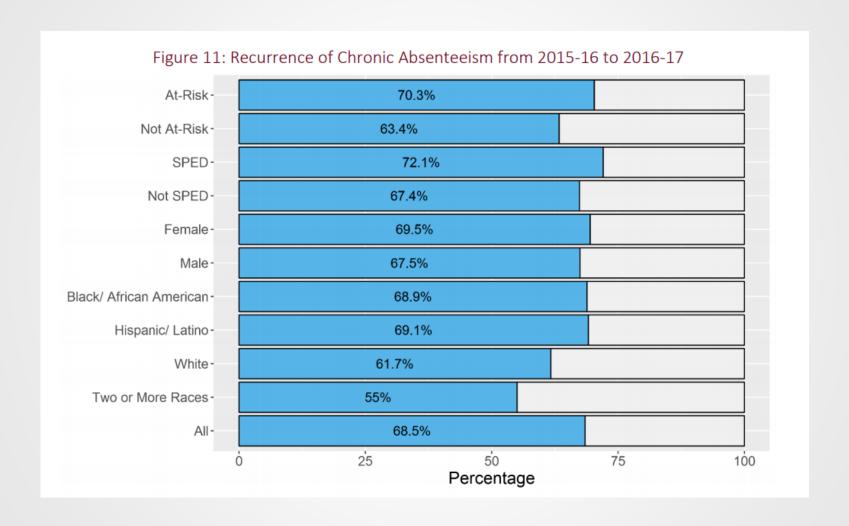
- 27.3 percent of students were chronically absent
- 25.5 percent of students were truant
- Both measures represent an increase over the 2015-16 school year (26.3 percent and 21.4 percent respectively)

#### The factors most strongly associated with chronic absenteeism:

- Experiencing homelessness
- Being overage for a grade
- Receiving the highest levels of special education services
- Receiving TANF or SNAP benefits
- Enrolling in more than one school

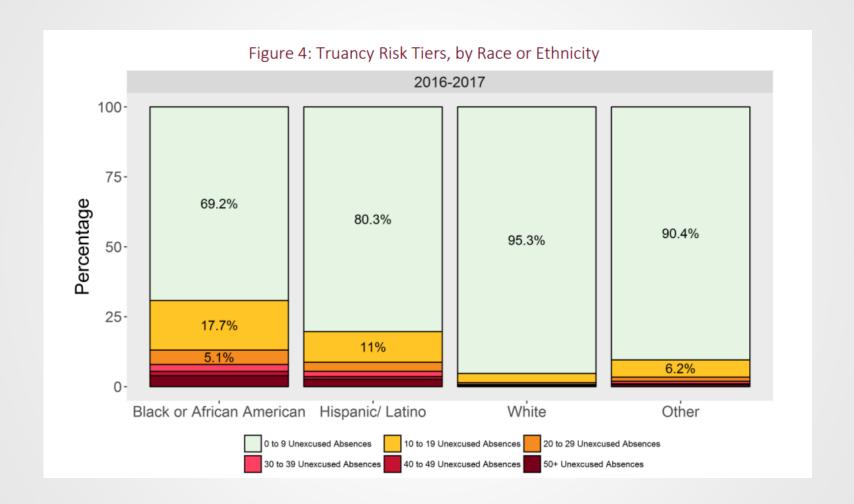


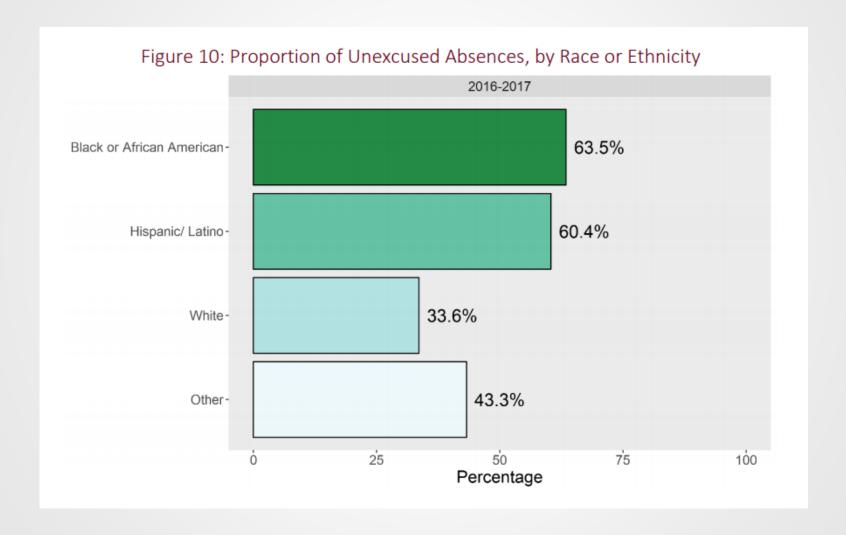


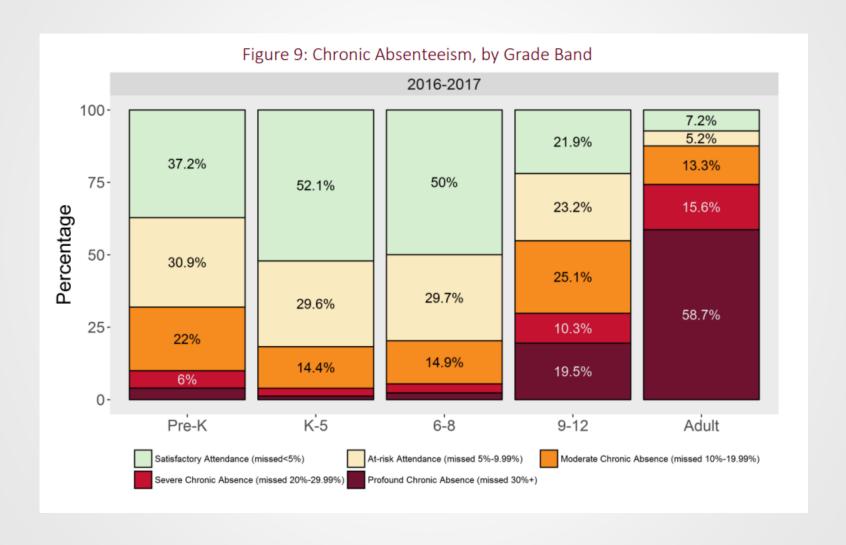




## Attendance in DC

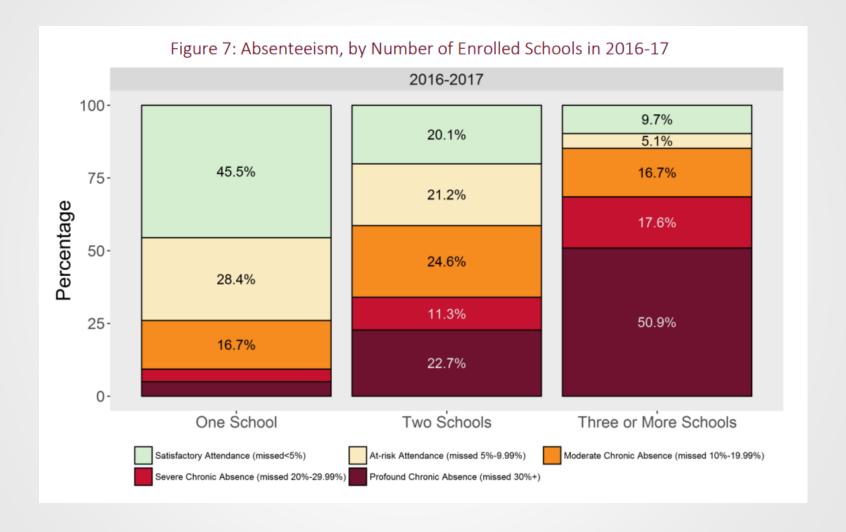






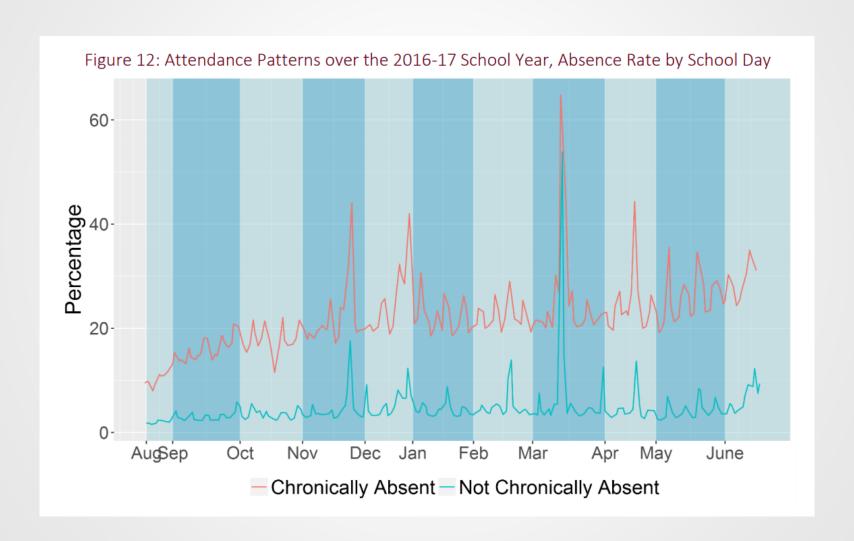


### Attendance in DC



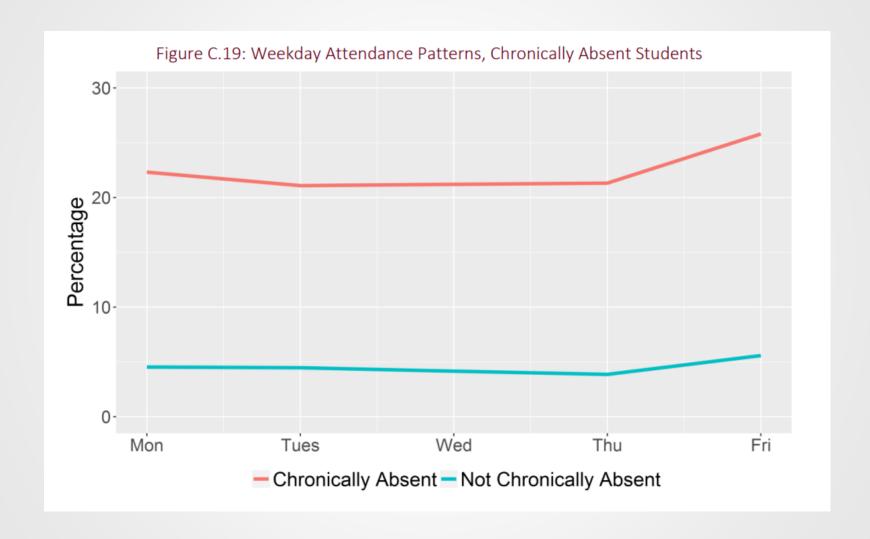


## Absences Throughout the Year



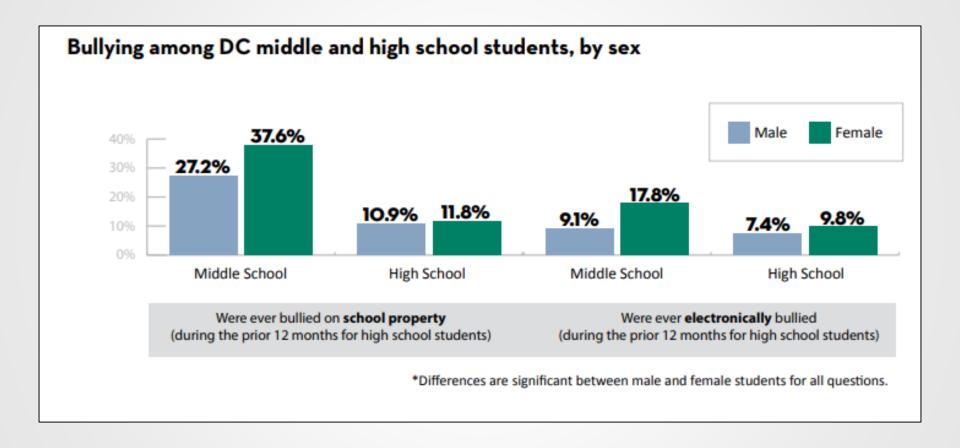


## Attendance Throughout the Week



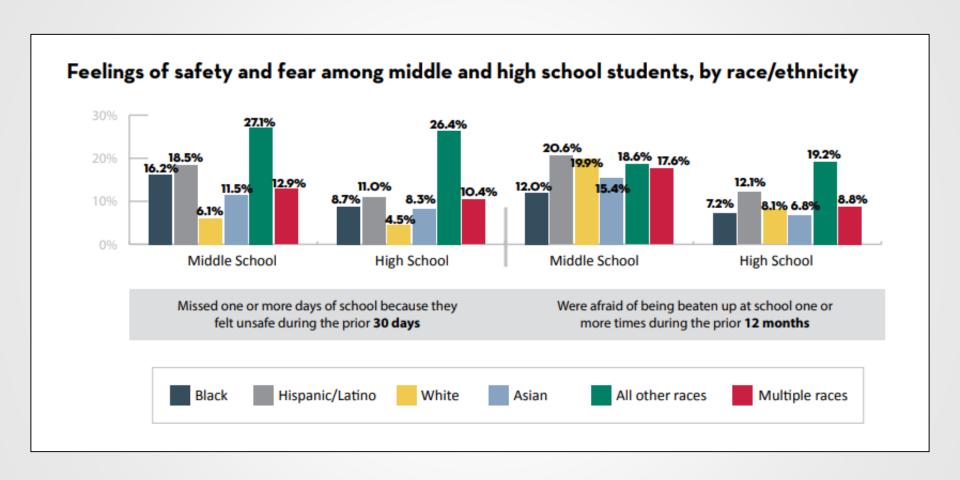


## Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey



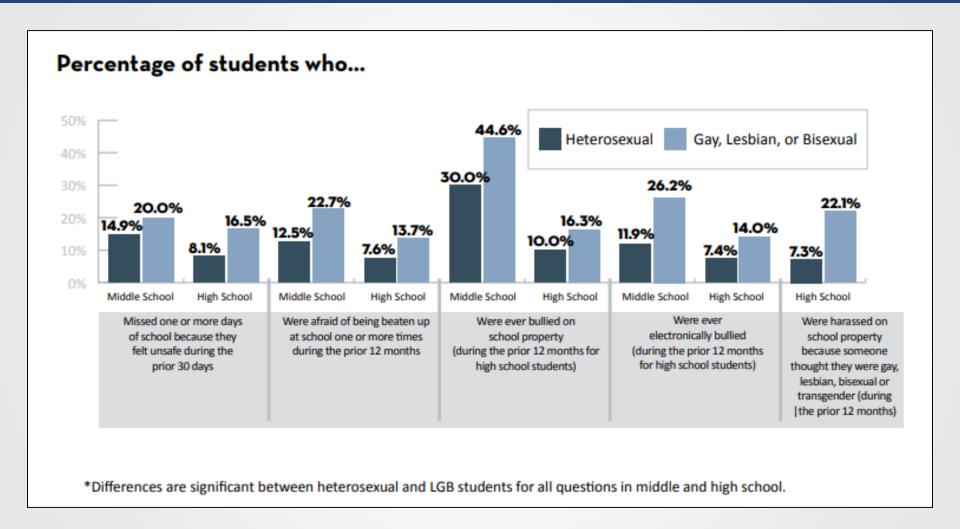


## Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey





### Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance Survey





Chronic Absenteeism includes both excused and unexcused absences.

- **□**True
- **□** False



Chronic Absenteeism includes both excused and unexcused absences.

X True

**□** False



## According to OSSE's annual attendance report, which students are most likely to be absent?

- ☐ Enrolling in more than one school
- Receiving the highest levels of special education services
- □ Experiencing homelessness
- ☐ Being overage for a grade
- ☐ Receiving TANF or SNAP benefits



## According to OSSE's annual attendance report, which students are most likely to be absent?

- **X** Enrolling in more than one school
- **X** Receiving the highest levels of special education services
- **X** Experiencing homelessness
- **X** Being overage for a grade
- **X** Receiving TANF or SNAP benefits

By October 5, and the fifth of every other month, report enrollment data, and changes in enrollment to OSSE.

D.C. Code § 38-205. Report of enrollments and withdrawals.

Keep an accurate daily record of attendance, which is open for inspection at any time by OSSE and other relevant parties.

D.C. Code § 38-203. Enforcement; penalties.

Please see <u>5-A DCMR § 2101.3</u> for a detailed description of what the attendance record must contain.



#### Daily attendance shall include:

- participation in school-sponsored field trips;
- participation in an off-site school sponsored or approved activity during a regularly scheduled school day;
- in-school suspensions;
- the number of days a student receives instructional services while expelled or while serving an out-ofschool suspension.

#### 5-A DCMR § 2100.5



Attendance records must be maintained starting on the first official school day, and continue throughout the year, unless the student:

- officially withdraws from the educational institution;
- fails to attend at least one day of school in the first three weeks of school without notification for such absence; or
- transfers to another educational institution.

#### 5-A DCMR § 2101.2

Expulsion or suspension of a student during the school year does not relieve the educational institution of the duty to record and report the student's daily attendance for the school year in which the expulsion or suspension occurred.

5-A DCMR § 2101.2

No student may be expelled, receive an out-ofschool suspension, or be unenrolled for unexcused absences or late arrivals (unless they have accumulated 20 or more consecutive full school day unexcused absences).

§ 38–236.04. Limitations on exclusion as a disciplinary action.

Designate an Attendance Monitor prior to the first day of school and report this to OSSE.

5-A DCMR § 2101.4 5-A DCMR § 2101.5



School attendance records may be inspected by OSSE at any time

**□**True

**□** False



#### School attendance records may be inspected by OSSE at any time

X True

**□** False



Attendance monitors must be designated and reported to OSSE by July 1 each year.

- **□**True
- **□** False



Attendance monitors must be designated and reported to OSSE by July 1st each year.

**□**True

**X** False: Attendance monitors must be designated prior to the first official school day of each school year.



If a student is expelled, the school no longer has to keep an attendance record.

- **□**True
- **□** False



If a student is expelled, the school no longer has to keep an attendance record.

**□**True

**X** False

Create and share a policy that defines excused absences.

5-A DCMR § 2102.3

Please see 5-A DCMR § 2102.2 for a list of categories of valid excused absences.



Any absence, including absences for part of the school day, are considered unexcused.

5-A DCMR § 2102.1

Parents must submit valid excuses for student absences within five school days upon the student's return to school or the absence will be deemed unexcused.

D.C. Code § 38-203. Enforcement; penalties.

5-A DCMR § 2102.4

Implement an absenteeism protocol, including the creation of a Student Support Team (SST) that will receive student referrals within two school days after a student has accumulated five or more unexcused absences in one marking period.

5-A DCMR § 2103.1-4



How many days do parents have to submit an explanation for an absence?

- $\Box 1$
- **3**
- **1**5



How many days do parents have to submit an explanation for an absence?

 $\Box 1$ 

**3** 

**X** 5



After how many absences will the student be referred to the school's Student Support Team?

 $\square$ 2

**5** 

**1**0



After how many absences will the student be referred to the school's Student Support Team?

 $\square$ 2

**X** 5

**1**0



Notify OSSE and other agencies when students accumulate excessive absences.

- Notify OSSE within two business days of a students 10<sup>th</sup> unexcused absence.
- For students age 5 to 13, notify CFSA within two business days of a students 10<sup>th</sup> unexcused absence.
- For students age 14 to 17, notify the Court Social Services Division of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia and to the Office of the Attorney General Juvenile Section within two business days of a students 15<sup>th</sup> unexcused absence.

D.C. Code § 38-208. Truancy procedures; inter-agency coordination.

Within two days of a student accumulating 10 unexcused absences, notify parents that they may be in violation of compulsory attendance requirements.

D.C. Code § 38–207. Authority of police over truant child.

An educational institution shall notify the Office of the State Superintendent of Education immediately upon information, reason, or belief that a school-age child who has been withdrawn from a school has not been re-enrolled in a school following withdrawal from school or is not receiving private instruction.

5-A DCMR § 2104.4

Within 60 days after the end of a school year, report to the OSSE, and make publicly available, specific attendance data for that school year.

D.C. Code § 38-203. Enforcement; penalties

Please see <u>D.C. Code § 38-203. Enforcement;</u> penalties. for a list of information that will be included in the report.

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) (20 U.S.C. 6311) required DC to make changes to the accountability system.

As a result, starting in the 2018-19 school year, attendance now counts towards school accountability ratings in two ways:

- 1) Schools may earn points based on in-seat attendance rates or the daily average percentage of enrolled students who were present in school.
- 2) Schools may earn points based on a chronic absenteeism measure. The chronic absenteeism measure uses the percentage of enrolled students who were present for 90 percent or more enrolled days or growth in 90 percent attendance whichever is better.

Attendance rates will also be reported in the new DC School Report Card, which will be published online for the first time in December 2018.



Schools are required to notify OSSE after a student accumulates how many unexcused absences?

0

5



Schools are required to notify OSSE after a student accumulates how many unexcused absences?

**5** 

**X** 10

**1**5



Chronic absenteeism is now a part of DC's school accountability system.

**□**True

**□** False



Chronic absenteeism is now a part of DC's school accountability system.

X True

**□** False



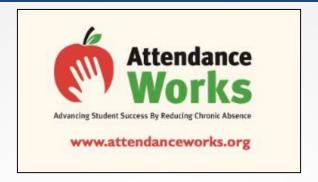
#### Required Format of Data Submitted to OSSE

#### Truancy Form (<a href="https://osse.dc.gov/node/794462">https://osse.dc.gov/node/794462</a>)

TRUANCY NOTIFICATION FORM								
Please return all completed forms to osse.truancyprevention@dc.gov.								
General Information								
School				Date				
Attendance Counselor				Phone Number of Attendance Counselor (or Attendance Office)				
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Point of Contact for This Submission (if different from Attendance Counselor)				Email Address				
Student Information								
USI	Date of Birth	Student Last Name	Student First Name	Number of Absences	Primary Language (if not English)	Parent Mailing Address (Street)	Apt#	Parent Zip Code
123456	1/1/2008	Doe	Jane SAM	PLE 10	Spanish	810 First Street NE	501	20002
1050 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20002 Phone: 202.727.6436 • www.osse.dc.gov								



#### **Attendance Resources**



The site has research and resources about the root causes of chronic absenteeism, handouts, videos, toolkits, and posters to promote school attendance.





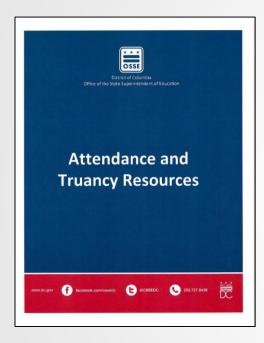




#### For Educators:

- Examples of Weekly Incentives
- Certificate of Attendance Achievement
- Sample Back to School Letter for Families
- Examples of Tiered Interventions
- Attendance Talking Points to High School Students





- Causes of Absences
- Explanation of Local Requirements for Families
- Handouts for Families
- Local Resources:
  - Attendance and Truancy
  - General DC Agencies
  - Childcare
  - Counseling and Mental Health
  - Family and Parenting Support
  - Health
  - Housing Support
  - Transportation

https://osse.dc.gov/page/attendance-and-truancy-resources-schools

# For all questions, issues uploading data, or anything else, please contact me:

Whitney Meagher

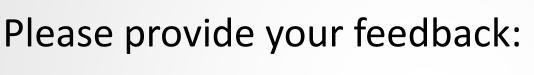
Whitney.Meagher@dc.gov

202-741-5095 (desk)

202-716-7238 (cell)



## **Questions?**



https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/XFGBPTS