Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program Boot Camp



School Year 2018-19

Janna dePorter, Program Specialist



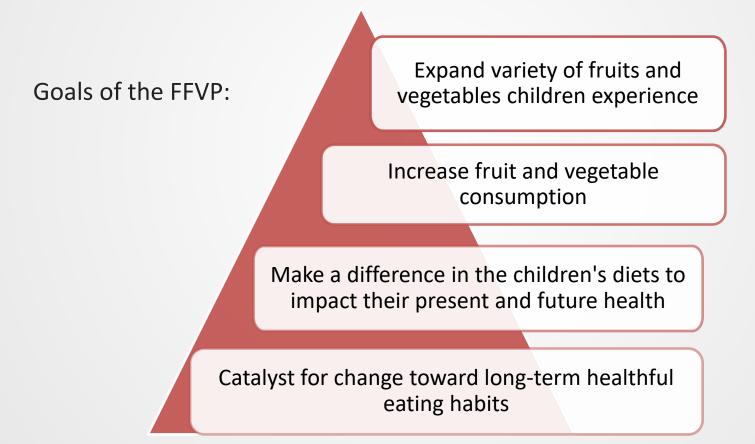
Janna dePorter, MS, RD, LD Email: Janna.dePorter@dc.gov FFVP email: <u>osse.ffvp@dc.gov</u> Office: 202-724-7775



- FFVP Background
- Program Basics
- Food Safety
- Claims and Reimbursement
- Nutrition Education
- Partnerships



Fresh fruit or vegetable snack offered to all enrolled students during the School Day





- Pilot program introduced by USDA in 2002
- Four States: Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, and Ohio
- Now a permanent program
 - Expanded to cover selected schools in all 50 states, as part of the 2008 Farm Bill





Be an Elementary School (PK-5th Grade)



Operate the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) in good standing

To be selected to participate **you must:**

Have 50 percent or more students eligible for free or reduced-price meals



Make free Fr & V available to <u>all</u>enrolled children at least 2 times per week *



Widely publicize the availability of free fresh fruits & vegetables

* OSSE strongly encourages serving the FFVP at least 3 times per week ; vegetables at least once per week



Serve F & V outside of SBP and NSLPbut during the school day

Submit a complete and accurate application

FFVP Handbook, page 4



Recommendations for the Program



Teacher Participation



Nutrition Education REQUIRED by OSSE (at least once a week)

The USDA and the State Agency Strongly Encourage:



A Variety of Implementation Strategies

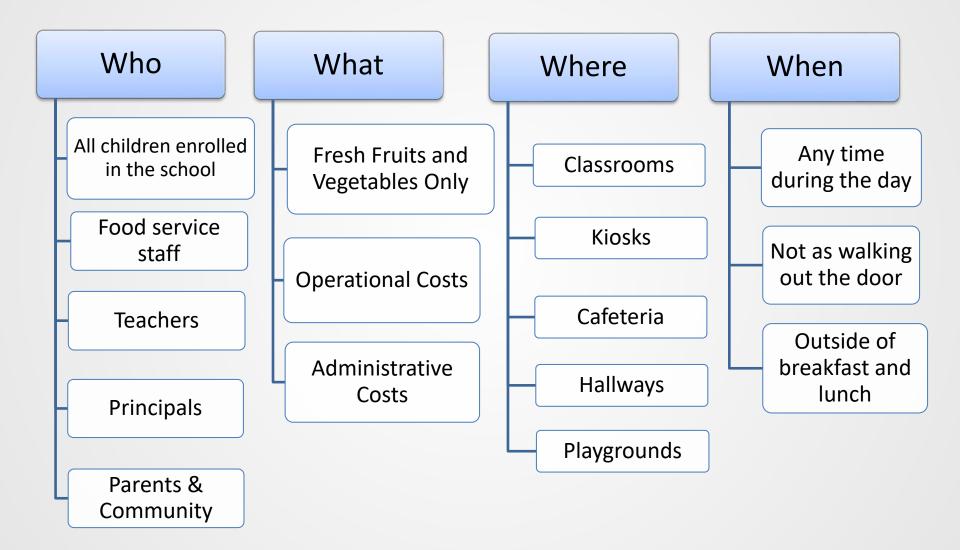


Tracking spending with a budgeting tool*

*Customized budgeting tools sent out to each SFA with Approval Letters



Program Logistics





- Fresh fruits
- Fresh vegetables
- Low-fat or fat-free dips for vegetables only (no more than two tablespoons)
- Cooked vegetables (once per week with nutrition education)



- Frozen, canned, dried, jellied, or otherwise processed fruits or vegetables
- Dip for fruit
- Fruit or vegetable juices
- Cottage cheese
- Edible flowers
- Smoothies
- Fresh herbs





When do FFVP items have to be served?

- A. With NSLP
- B. With SBP
- C. Outside of NSLP and SBP
- D. A and B



When do FFVP items have to be served?

C. Outside of SBP & NSLP



True or False:

High school students are eligible to participate in FFVP.



High school students are eligible to participate in FFVP.

False



Receiving Fresh Produce

- Choose reliable and reputable sources
- Check storing and handling practices of vendors
- Establish procedures for inspecting incoming delivery
 - Learn how to accept and reject
 - School's HACCP-Based SOPs

Storing Fresh Produce

- Date each case to help track produce
- Refrigerate leafy greens and fresh cut produce
- Refrigerate anything that arrived refrigerated
- Store above contaminants
- Keep track of refrigerator and storage temperatures

Preparing Fresh Produce

- Wash hands!
- Inspect produce
- Clean and sanitize all equipment, utensils, and surfaces
- Wash produce in continuously running water
- Do <u>not</u> re-wash packaged produce if it has a label saying it has been washed and is ready to eat

Handling Produce in Classrooms

- Teachers and students must wash hands before touching the produce
- Pre-package or pre-wrap any produce that is cut into pieces
- Deliver close to serving time
- Use ice, ice packs, or refrigerated units
- Spend administrative funds on coolers with ice or ice packs
- Discard any leftovers



FFVP School Applications

- Sponsors <u>must</u> reapply every year!
- Application includes:
 - Total # of enrolled students
 - % eligible for free/reduced price meals
 - Certification of support for participation
 - Signed by School Food Service Manager, Principal, and district superintendent
 - Program implementation plan
- Applications due in May for following school year

Financial Management

- One funding allocation during the Program Year
 - Oct. 1 2018 through Sept. 30 2019
 - One Notification of Grant Award letter
- \$50-\$75 per student per allocation
- Ranked based on Free and Reduced-Price meal percentage
- Customized budget monitoring tools sent with Approval Letters

Allowable vs. Unallowable

Acceptable Items:

Operational Costs:

- Small, Non-Food supplies
 - Ex: paper plates, apple cutters, etc.
- Low-Fat/Fat-Free Vegetable Dips
 - (2 Tablespoons or less!)
- Fringe Benefits- Preparation
- FRESH FRUITS & VEGGIES
- Administrative Costs:
 - Large Equipment Purchases (fill out form first)
 - Salaries/Benefits
 - Planning, managing, claiming

Unacceptable Items:

Processed or preserved fruits & vegetables:

- Canned, Frozen, Dried
- Dip for <u>Fruit</u>
- Fruit or Vegetable Juices
- Snack-type fruits
- Fruit strips, fruit drops, fruit leathers
- Jellied Fruit
- Trail Mix
- Cottage cheese
- Smoothies



- Follow proper procurement procedures (same as NSLP)
 - Micro (Purchase is one-time, standalone <\$10K)
 - Small/Informal (Multiple purchases from same vendor (≤\$100K for DC Government, ≤\$250K PCSB/Private)
 - Formal
- "Buy American"
 - If item is grown domestically, must be purchased domestically
 - The FFVP provides schools the opportunity to purchase exotic fruits and/or vegetables that are not available locally or that are not domestically grown

Financial Planning Tips

- Determine if equipment required for program is needed
- Budget for monthly supplies
- Purchase a variety of fruits and vegetables
- Avoid serving same produce served during breakfast, lunch, snack, and supper

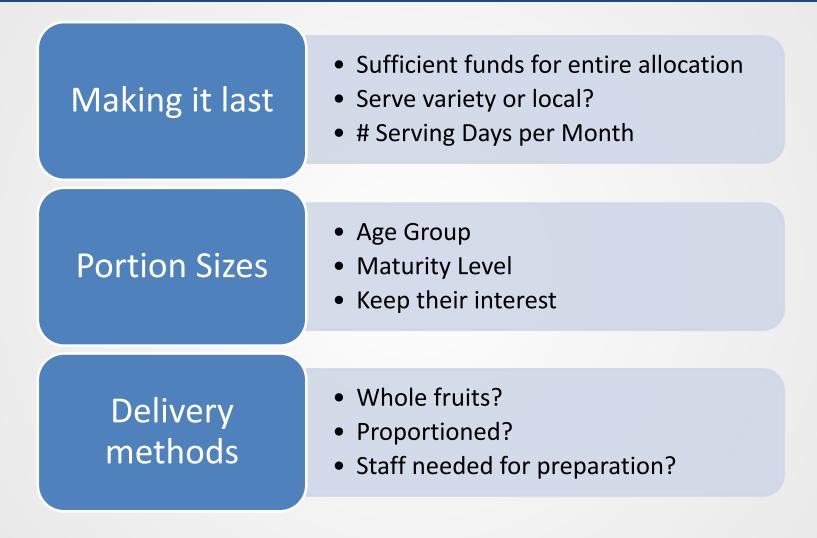
Maximizing your Budget

Budgeting Methods

- What makes the most sense
- Easiest to use
- Tracks spending with customized budget tool provided

- 85 percent or more of budget toward food costs
- 10 percent or less toward administrative costs
- No more than 15 percent spent on nonfood items

Maximizing your Budget



Handbook for schools- Reimbursable costs and budgeting section

Financial Management

- Claim Reimbursement Form and Summary Cost Sheet are required
- All receipts and invoices required
 - Invoices, receipts, and all other documentation must be maintained for 5 years*
- Claims must be submitted to: osse.ffvp@dc.gov
- By the 10th of the following month
 - 60 days- Federal Deadline
 - Signed by an authorized signer



*Information derived from FFVP Handbook



 If you have multiple campuses receiving funds, you <u>must</u> complete a Claim Reimbursement Form and Cost Summary Sheet for <u>each site</u>

Requesting Additional Funding

- Must fill out Additional Funding Request Form listing:
 - Reason for request
 - Estimate of amount of money anticipated
 - Change in enrollment





Which of the following is not an Operational Cost?

- A. Fresh fruits and vegetables
- B. Large equipment purchases
- C. Low-fat/fat-free dip for veggies
- D. Small supplies



Which of the following is not an Operational Cost?

B. Large Equipment Purchases



What is the maximum percentage of your FFVP allocation that can be spent on non-food items, including admin costs?

- A. 10%
- B. 15%
- C. 20%
- D. 80%



What is the maximum percentage of your FFVP allocation that can be spent on non-food items, including administrative costs?

B. 15%



Which of the following is not a reimbursable item for FFVP?

- A. Fringe benefits-preparation
- B. Salaries
- C. Dried, frozen, or canned fruits and vegetables
- D. Fruit or Vegetable Juices



Which of the following is not a reimbursable item for FFVP?

Both C & D



FFVP Nutrition Education

- Education plans should fit your students
- Utilize free resources from OSSE, Team Nutrition, and other programs
- Create partnerships to obtain no cost promotional items or services
- Adapt lesson plans in classrooms to incorporate the serving of the fresh fruits and vegetables.

The Monthly Produce Pick

- Monthly newsletter containing:
 - Spotlight fruit or vegetable of the month
 - Resources
 - Classroom activities
 - Kid-friendly recipes
 - Nutrition facts
 - Storage and preparation tips



Nutrition Education Ideas

Science/ Math

Experiment

Graph favorite snacks

Weighing and Measuring

Gardening/Composting

Nutrients

English

Write about favorite snacks

Research fruits and vegetables

Read books about fruits and vegetables

Vocabulary/Spelling

Other
Trivia
Foreign Languages
Art Projects
School Gardens





- Internal: Encourage cooperation and commitment from school staff
 - Do not leave it to one person to manage
 - Make it a team effort
- **External:** Develop new partnerships
 - State and national associations
 - State or community health agencies
 - Dietitians and dietetic interns
 - Local farmers and chefs
 - Non-profits with food/low-income service model

Ideas to Expand the FFVP

Create an FFVP team. Team members could include:

- Principal
- School nurse
- Teachers
- Parent volunteers
- Food service director
- Any other interested staff



Action for Healthy Kids®





• True or False:

Nutrition education is a required component of FFVP.



Nutrition education is a required component of FFVP.

True



Provide an example of how to incorporate nutrition education during the school day.





- FFVP Handbook for Schools
- OSSE FFVP Website
- USDA FFVP Website

The Possibilities are Endless

